# TOP NOTCH

FUNDAMENTALS

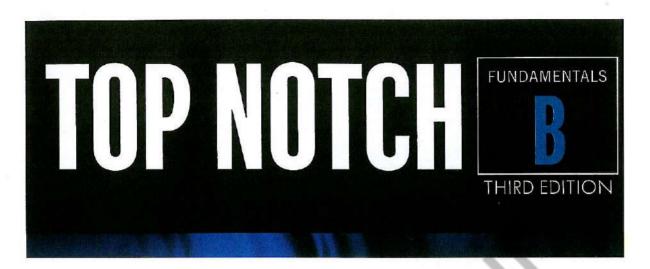
THIRD EDITION

with WORKBOOK

JOAN SASLOW ALLEN ASCHER

ALWAYS LEARNING

PEARSON



# **ENGLISH FOR TODAY'S WORLD**

with Workbook

JOAN SASLOW ALLEN ASCHER

With Top Notch Pop Songs and Karaoke by Rob Morsberger



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LEARNING OBJECTIVES

Top Notch Fundamentals is designed for true beginning students or for students needing the support of a very low-level beginning course. No prior knowledge of English is assumed or necessary.

		WOCARLUADY	GRAMMAR
	COMMUNICATION GOALS	VOCABULARY	
Names and Occupations PAGE 4	Tell a classmate your occupation     Identify your classmates     Spell names	Occupations     The alphabet  VOCABUSARY BODSTEP     More occupations	Verb be:     Singular and plural statements, contractions     Yes / no questions and short answers     Common errors     Subject pronouns     Articles a / an     Nouns:     Singular and plural / Common and proper  GRAMMAR BOOSTER Extra practice
About People PAGE 12	Introduce people     Tell someone your first and last name     Get someone's contact information	Relationships (non-family) Titles First and last names Numbers 0–20  VICABULARY BOOSTER More relationships / More titles	Possessive nouns and adjectives <u>Be from</u> / Questions with <u>Where</u> , common errors     Verb <u>be</u> : Information questions with <u>What</u> GRAMMAR BOOSTER Extra practice
Places and How to Get There PAGE 20	<ul> <li>Talk about locations</li> <li>Discuss how to get places</li> <li>Discuss transportation</li> </ul>	Places in the neighborhood Locations Ways to get places Means of transportation Destinations  VOCABULARY BOOSTER  More places	Verb be: questions with Where     Subject pronoun it     The imperative     By to express means of transportation  GRAMMAR BOOSTER Extra practice
Family PAGE 28	Identify people in your family     Describe your relatives     Talk about your family	Family relationships     Adjectives to describe people     Numbers 21–101     VOCABULARY 3005 FEE     More adjectives	Verb be:     Questions with Who and common errors     With adjectives     Questions with How old     Adverbs very and so     Verb have / has: affirmative statements  GRAMMAR BOOSTER Extra practice
Events and Times PAGE 36	<ul> <li>Confirm that you're on time</li> <li>Talk about the time of an event</li> <li>Ask about birthdays</li> </ul>	What time is it? Early, on time, late Events Days of the week Ordinal numbers Months of the year  VOCABULARY BOOSTER More events	Verb <u>be</u> : questions about time     Prepositions <u>in</u> , <u>on</u> , and <u>at</u> for dates and times     Contractions and common errors  GRAMMAR BOOSTER Extra practice
Clothes PAGE 44	<ul> <li>Give and accept a compliment</li> <li>Ask for colors and sizes</li> <li>Describe clothes</li> </ul>	Clothes Colors and sizes Opposite adjectives to describe clothes  VOCABULARY BOOSTER More clothes	Demonstratives this, that, these, those     The simple present tense: like, want, need, and have:     Affirmative and negative statements     Questions and short answers     Spelling rules and contractions     Adjective placement and common errors     One and ones
Activities PAGE 52 Units 1–7 Review PAGE 60	Talk about morning and evening activities Describe what you do in your free time Discuss household chores	Daily activities at home     Leisure activities     Household chores  VOCABULARY BOOSTER     More household chores	The simple present tense: Third-person singular spelling rules Questions with When and What time Questions with How often, time expressions Questions with Who as subject, common errors Frequency adverbs and time expressions: Usage, placement, and common errors  GRAMMAR BOOSTER Extra practice

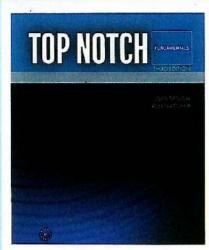
CONVERSATION STRATEGIES	LISTENING / PRONUNCIATION	READING / WRITING
Use And you? to show interest in another person Use Excuse me to initiate a conversation Use Excuse me? to indicate you haven't heard or didn't understand Use Thanks! to acknowledge someone's complying with a request	Listening Tasks  Circle the letter you hear Identify correct spelling of names Write the name you hear spelled Identify the correct occupation Write the missing information: names and occupations  Pronunciation Syllables	Reading Text  Simple forms and business cards  Writing Task  Write affirmative and negative statements about people in a picture  WRITING BDOSTER Guided writing practice
Identify someone's relationship to you when making an introduction     Use too to reciprocate a greeting     Begin a question with And to indicate you want additional information     Repeat part of a question to clarify     Repeat information to confirm	Listening Tasks  Complete statements about relationships  Circle the correct information  Fill in names, phone numbers, and e-mall addresses you hear  Pronunciation  Stress in two-word pairs	Reading Text  Short descriptions of famous people, their occupations, and countries of origin  Writing Task  Write sentences about your relationships  WRITING EDDSTER Guided writing practice
Use You're welcome to formally acknowledge thanks Use OK to acknowledge advice Use What about you? to show interest in another person	Listening Tasks  Write the places you hear  Write the directions you hear, using affirmative and negative imperatives  Circle the means of transportation  Write by phrases, check destinations you hear  Pronunciation  Falling intonation for questions with Where	Reading Texts  Simple maps and diagrams Introductions of people, their relationships and occupations, where they live, and how they get to work  Writing Task Writing Task Guided writing practice
Use And to shift the topic Use Tell me about to invite someone to talk about a topic Use Well, to indicate you are deciding how to begin a response Use And how about? to ask for more information Use Really? to show interest or mild surprise	Listening Tasks  Identify the picture of a relative being described  Choose the adjective that describes the people mentioned in a conversation  Pronunciation  Number contrasts	Reading Texts  • A family tree  • A magazine article about famous actors and their families  Writing Task  • Write a description of the people in your family
Use <u>Uh-oh</u> to indicate you may have made a mistake Use <u>Look</u> to focus someone's attention on something Use <u>Greatl</u> to show enthusiasm for an idea Offer someone best wishes on his or her birthday Respond to a person's birthday wishes	Listening Tasks Identify events and circle the correct times Write the events you hear in a date book Circle the dates you hear Pronunciation Sentence rhythm	Reading Texts  A world map with time zones  Events posters  Newspaper announcements  A zodiac calendar  Writing Task  Write about events at your school or in your city
<ul> <li>Acknowledge a compliment with <u>Thank you</u></li> <li>Apologize with <u>I'm sorry</u> when expressing disappointing information</li> <li>Use <u>That's too bad</u> to express disappointment</li> <li>Use <u>What about you?</u> to ask for someone's opinion</li> <li>Use <u>Well</u> to soften a strong opinion</li> </ul>	Listening Tasks Confirm details about clothes Determine colors of garments Pronunciation Plural nouns	Reading Texts  • A sales flyer from a department store  Writing Task  • Write sentences about the clothes you have, need, want, and like  WRITING BOOSTER  Guided writing practice
Say Me? to give yourself time to think of a personal response Use Well to introduce a lengthy response Use What about you? to ask for parallel information Use So to introduce a conversation topic Use How about you? to ask for parallel information Say Sure to indicate a willingness to answer Begin a response to an unexpected question with Oh	Listening Task  Match chores to the people who performed them  Pronunciation  Third-person singular verb endings	Reading Text  A review of housekeeping robots  Writing Task  Describe your typical week, using adverbs of frequency and time expressions  WRITING BOOSIEE Guided writing practice

#### **COMMUNICATION GOALS** VOCABULARY GRAMMAR · Describe your neighborhood Buildings · The simple present tense: · Questions with Where, prepositions of place · Ask about someone's home · Places in the neighborhood · Talk about furniture and appliances Rooms . There is and there are: · Furniture and appliances · Statements and yes / no questions · Contractions and common errors Home and · Questions with How many Neighborhood · More home and office vocabulary PAGE 64 GRAMMAR BOOSTER Extra practice Describe today's weather Weather expressions · The present continuous: · Statements: form and usage Discuss plans Present and future time expressions Ask about people's activities Yes / no questions · Information questions **Activities** · For future plans More weather vocabulary / · The present participle: spelling rules and Plans seasons PAGE 72 GRAMMAR BOOSTER Extra practice · Discuss ingredients for a recipe · Foods and drinks How many / Are there any · Offer and ask for foods Places to keep food in a kitchen Count nouns and non-count nouns Containers and quantities · How much / Is there any Invite someone to join you at the Cooking verbs The present tense and the present continuous Food GRAMMAR BOOSTER Extra practice PAGE 80 · More vegetables and fruits · Tell someone about an event Past-time expressions • The past tense of be; There was / there were: Describe your past activities Outdoor activities · Statements, questions, and contractions · Talk about your weekend The simple past tense · Regular verbs, irregular verbs More outdoor activities **Past Events** · Statements, questions, and short answers PAGE 88 GRAMMAR BOOSTER Extra practice Describe appearance Adjectives to describe hair · Describing people with be and have UNIT · Show concern about an injury · The face · Should + base form for suggestions Suggest a remedy Parts of the body GRAMMAR BOOSTER Extra practice Accidents and injuries **Appearance** · Ailments, remedies and Health PAGE 96 More parts of the body Discuss your abilities Abilities · Can and can't for ability · Politely decline an invitation Adverbs well and badly Too + adjective, common errors Polite requests with <u>Could you</u> + base form · Ask for and agree to do a favor Reasons for not doing something Favors GRAMMAR BOOSTER Extra practice **Abilities and** Requests More musical instruments PAGE 104 · Get to know someone's life story Some life events Be going to + base form UNIT Discuss plans Academic subjects GRAMMAR BOOSTER Extra practice · Share your dreams for the future More leisure activities · Some dreams for the future **Life Events** and Plans More academic subjects **PAGE 112** More leisure activities Units 8-14 Review **PAGE 120** Countries and nationalities, Numbers 100 to 1,000,000,000, Vocabulary Booster ...... page 129 Irregular verbs, Pronunciation table ............ page 124 Grammar Booster ...... page 140

CONVERSATION STRATEGIES	LISTENING / PRONUNCIATION	READING / WRITING
Begin a question with <u>And</u> to indicate you want additional information  Use <u>Really</u> ? to introduce contradictory information  Use <u>Well</u> to indicate you are deciding how to begin a response  Respond positively to a description with <u>Sounds nice!</u> Use <u>Actually</u> to introduce an opinion that might surprise  Say <u>I don't know</u> , <u>I'm not sure</u> to avoid making a direct negative statement	Listening Tasks Determine the best house or apartment for clients of a real estate company Complete statements about locations of furniture and appliances Pronunciation Linking sounds	Reading Texts  House and apartment rental listings  Descriptions of people and their homes  Writing Task  Compare and contrast your home with other homes  WRITING ECOSTER Guided writing practice
Use <u>Hi</u> and <u>Hey</u> to greet people informally Say <u>No kidding!</u> to show surprise Use <u>So</u> to introduce a conversation topic Answer the phone with <u>Hello?</u> Identify yourself with <u>This is</u> on the phone Use <u>Well, actually</u> to begin an excuse Say <u>Oh, I'm sorry</u> after interrupting Say <u>Talk to you later</u> to indicate the end of a phone conversation	Listening Tasks  Determine weather and temperatures in cities in a weather report  Complete statements about people's activities, using the present continuous  Pronunciation  Rising and falling intonation of yes / no and information questions	Reading Texts  • A daily planner  • The weather forecast for four cities  Writing Task  • Write about plans for the week, using the present continuous  WHITING BOOSTER  Guided writing practice
Say <u>I'll check</u> to indicate you'll get information for someone  Decline an offer politely with <u>No. thanks</u> Use <u>Please pass the</u> to ask for something at the table  Say <u>Here you go</u> as you offer something  Say <u>Nice to see you</u> to greet someone you already know  Use <u>You too</u> to repeat a greeting politely	Listening Task  Identify the foods discussed in conversations  Pronunciation  Vowel sounds: /i/, /ɪ/, /eɪ/, /ɛ/, /æ/	Reading Texts  Recipe cards  A weekly schedule  Writing Task Write about what you eat in a typical day  WRITING BOOSTER Guided writing practice
Ask Why? to ask for a clearer explanation     Use What about? to ask for more information     Use a double question to clarify     Use just to minimize the importance of an action     Say Let me think to gain time to answer     Say Oh yeah to indicate you just remembered something	Listening Tasks Circle the year you hear Infer the correct day or month Choose activities mentioned in conversations  Pronunciation Simple past tense regular verb endings	Reading Text  A blog in which people describe what they did the previous weekend  Writing Task  Write about the activities of two people, based on a complex picture  Write about your weekend and what you did
Use Oh to indicate you've understood Say No kidding to show surprise Say I'm sorry to hear that, Oh, no, and That's too bad to express sympathy Use Actually to introduce an opinion that might surprise Use What's wrong? to ask about an illness Use really to intensify advice with should Respond to good advice with Good idea Say I hope you feel better when someone feels sick	Listening Tasks  Identify the people described in conversations  Complete statements about injuries  Identify the ailments and remedies suggested in conversations  Pronunciation  More vowel sounds: /u/ /u/ /ou/ /o/ /u/	Reading Text  • A magazine article about two celebrities  Writing Task  • Write a description of someone you know  WRITING BOOSIER  Guided writing practice
Use Actually to give information Use Really? to show surprise or interest Suggest a shared course of action with Let's Politely decline a suggestion with I'm really sorry but and a reason Accept a refusal with Maybe some other time Use Sure and No problem to agree to someone's request for a favor	Listening Task  Complete requests for favors  Pronunciation  Blending of sounds: Could you	Reading Text  • An article about infant-toddler development  Writing Task  • Describe things people can and can't do whe they get old  WESTING BOOSTER  Guided writing practice
Use <u>And you?</u> to show interest in another person Use <u>Not really</u> to soften a negative response Ask <u>What about you?</u> to extend the conversation Use <u>Well</u> and <u>Actually</u> to explain or clarify	Listening Tasks  Choose correct statements  Circle correct words or phrases  Complete statements about activities, using the present continuous  infer people's wishes for the future  Pronunciation  Diphthongs: /aɪ/ /au/ /ɔɪ/	Reading Text  • A short biography of Harry Houdini  Writing Task  • Write your own illustrated life story, including plans and dreams for the future  WRITING BOOSTER Guided writing practice

## TO THE TEACHER

What is *Top Notch*? *Top Notch* is a four-level communicative course that prepares adults and young adults to interact successfully and confidently with both native and non-native speakers of English.



#### The goal of Top Notch is to make English unforgettable through:

- Multiple exposures to new language
- Numerous opportunities to practice it
- Deliberate and intensive recycling

The *Top Notch* course has two beginning levels—*Top Notch Fundamentals* for true beginners and *Top Notch 1* for false beginners. *Top Notch* is benchmarked to the Global Scale of English and is tightly correlated to the Can-do Statements of the Common European Framework of Reference.

Each full level of **Top Notch** contains material for 60–90 hours of classroom instruction.

**NEW** This third edition of *Top Notch* includes these new features: Extra Grammar Exercises, digital full-color Vocabulary Flash Cards, Conversation Activator videos, Pronunciation Coach videos, and a Writing Booster.

## **Award-Winning Instructional Design\***

## Daily confirmation of progress

Each easy-to-follow two-page lesson begins with a clearly stated practical communication goal closely aligned to the Common European Framework's Can-do Statements. All activities are integrated with the goal, giving vocabulary and grammar meaning and purpose. Now You Can activities ensure that students achieve each goal and confirm their progress in every class session.

#### True-beginner vocabulary and grammar

Clear captioned picture-dictionary illustrations with accompanying audio take the guesswork out of meaning and pronunciation. Grammar presentations clarify form, meaning, and use. The unique Recycle this Language feature continually puts known words and grammar in front of students' eyes as they communicate, to make sure language remains active. A new Writing Booster in the back of the Student's Book provides guided writing practice that incorporates vocabulary and grammar from the unit.

#### Authentic social language

Even beginning students should learn appealing natural social language. Forty-two memorable Conversation Models provide lively controlled conversation practice that ensures enthusiasm and motivation.

#### Active listening syllabus

All Vocabulary presentations, Pronunciation presentations, Conversation Models, Listening Comprehension exercises, and Readings are recorded on the audio, ensuring that students develop good pronunciation, intonation, and auditory memory. In addition, approximately fifty tasks specifically developed for beginning learners develop fundamental comprehension skills.

We wish you and your students enjoyment and success with **Top Notch Fundamentals**. We wrote it for you.

Joan Saslow and Allen Ascher

<sup>\*</sup> Top Notch is the recipient of the Association of Educational Publishers' Distinguished Achievement Award.

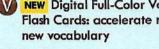
## COMPONENTS

## **ActiveTeach**

Maximize the impact of your Top Notch lessons. This digital tool provides an interactive classroom experience that can be used with or without an interactive whiteboard (IWB). It includes a full array of digital and printable features.

#### For class presentation . . .

- NEW Conversation Activator videos: increase students' confidence in oral communication
- NEW Pronunciation Coach videos: facilitate clear and fluent oral expression
- **NEW** Extra Grammar Exercises: ensure mastery of grammar
  - **NEW** Digital Full-Color Vocabulary Flash Cards: accelerate retention of new vocabulary



#### PLUS

- Clickable Audio: instant access to the complete classroom audio program
- Top Notch Pop Songs and Karaoke: original songs for additional language practice

## Workbook

Lesson-by-lesson written exercises to accompany the Student's Book

## **Full-Course Placement Tests**

#### For planning . . .

- · A Methods Handbook for a communicative classroom
- Detailed timed lesson plans for each two-page lesson
- Complete answer keys, audio scripts, and video scripts

#### For extra support . . .

- Hundreds of extra printable activities, with teaching notes
- Top Notch Pop language exercises

#### For assessment . . .

Ready-made unit and review achievement tests with options to edit, add, or delete items.

## Teacher's Edition and Lesson Planner

- Detailed interleaved lesson plans, language and culture notes, answer keys, and more
- Also accessible in digital form in the ActiveTeach

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Joan Saslow has taught in a variety of programs in South America and the United States. She is author or coauthor of a number of widely used courses, some of which are Ready to Go, Workplace Plus, Literacy Plus, and Summit. She is also author of English in Context, a series for reading science and technology. Ms. Saslow was the series director of True Colors and True Voices. She has participated in the English Language Specialist Program in the U.S. Department of State's Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs.

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## COMMUNICATION GOALS

- Describe your neighborhood.
- 2 Ask about someone's home.
- 3 Talk about furniture and appliances.



# **Home and Neighborhood**

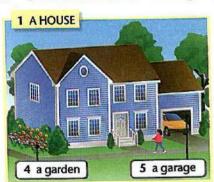


FLASH



Describe your neighborhood

3:19 VOCABULARY • Buildings Read and listen. Then listen again and repeat.







2 GRAMMAR • The simple present tense: questions with Where / Prepositions of place

#### Questions with Where

Where do you live? Where do your parents live? Where does he work? Where does your mother work?

#### Prepositions of place

in

She lives in an apartment. They live in a house.

I work in an office.

at

I live at 50 Main Street. He works at a bookstore. They study at the Brooke School. on

Her house is on Bank Street. We go to school on 34th Avenue. I work on the tenth floor.

3 GRAMMAR PRACTICE Complete the conversations. Use the simple present tense and prepositions of place.

- 3 A: Where ...... your neighbor .....?

  B: She works ...... a bookstore.
- 4 A: Where ...... your parents .....?

  B: They live ....... 58 Gray Street.

MORE EXERCISES

VIDEO

- 4 S3:20 PRONUNCIATION Linking sounds Read and listen. Then listen and repeat.
  - 1 It's on the second floor.

the corner.

- 3 He lives in an apartment.
- 2 She works in an office.
- 4 My apartment has a balcony.

5 VOCABULARY / GRAMMAR PRACTICE With a partner, ask and answer questions with Where. Use the simple present tense.

Where do you live?

▶3:21 VOCABULARY • Places in the neighborhood Read and listen. Then listen again and repeat.









44 I live on Main Street, 77

1 a bus station

2 a train station

3 a stadium











4 a park

5 a mall

6 a museum

7 an airport

8 a hospital

## NOW YOU CAN

## Describe your neighborhood

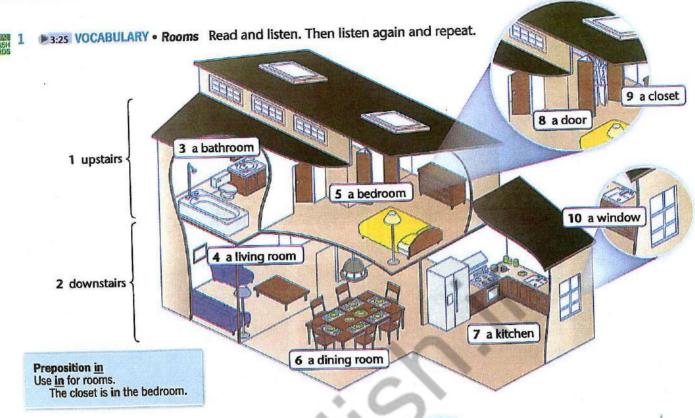
- 1 3:23 CONVERSATION MODEL Read and listen.
  - A: Do you live far from here?
  - B: No. About fifteen minutes by bus.
  - A: And is the neighborhood nice?
  - B: Yes, it is. My apartment is near a park and a mall.
  - A: Really? My apartment is next to an airport.
- 2 3:24 RHYTHM AND INTONATION Listen again and repeat. Then practice the Conversation Model with a partner.
- 3 CONVERSATION ACTIVATOR With a partner, personalize the conversation.
  - A: Do you live far from here?
  - B: .....
  - A: And is the neighborhood nice?
  - B: ...... it ....... My ..... is .......
  - A: Really? My ..... is .......
- 4 CHANGE PARTNERS Ask about another classmate's neighborhood.

## DON'T STOP!

Ask more questions.

Are there [good restaurants / museums]? Where do you [go shopping / go out for dinner]? And where do you [work]?





2 PAIR WORK Tell your partner about the rooms in your home.

44 My apartment has one large bedroom and two small bedrooms. 77

...

3 GRAMMAR • There is and There are / Questions with How many

#### There is and There are

Use There is with singular nouns. Use There are with plural nouns.

There's a small bedroom downstairs.

There's a large closet and two windows.

There's no kitchen.

Is there a balcony?

Yes, there is. No, there isn't. There are three large bedrooms upstairs. There are two windows and a large closet.

There are no elevators.

Are there closets?

Yes, there are. No, there aren't.

#### How many

Ask questions about quantity with <u>How many</u>. Always use a plural noun with <u>How many</u>.

How many bathrooms are there? (There are two.) How many bedrooms do you have? (We have three.)

#### Be careful!

There is → There's
BUT Yes, there is. NOT Yes, there's.
There are NOT There're

4 GRAMMAR PRACTICE Complete the sentences. Use there's, there are, is there, or are there.

- 1 How many closets are there. in the house?
- 2 ...... a small bedroom downstairs.
- 3 ..... a balcony on the second floor?
- 4 ...... an elevator and two stairways.
- 5 ...... a garden next to her house.
- 6 ..... two bedrooms upstairs.
- 7 ...... a park near my apartment.
- 8 How many windows .....?

66 UNIT 8

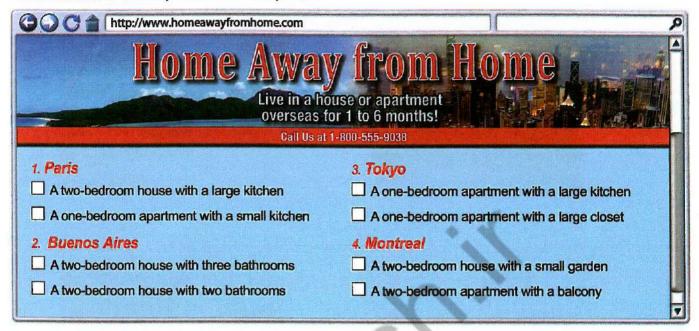
MORE

5 GRAMMAR PRACTICE Write ten sentences about your house or apartment. Use There is and There are.

There's a small bathroom next to my bedroom.

#### Ideas

- number of rooms
- size of rooms
- location of rooms
- 6 © 3:26 LISTENING COMPREHENSION Listen to the conversations. Check the best house or apartment for each person.



## NOW YOU CAN

#### Ask about someone's home

- 1 3:27 CONVERSATION MODEL Read and listen.
  - A: Do you live in a house or an apartment?
  - B: An apartment.
  - A: What's it like?
  - B: Well, there are three large bedrooms, and it has a large kitchen.
  - A: Sounds nice!
- 2 3:28 RHYTHM AND INTONATION Listen again and repeat. Then practice the Conversation Model with a partner.
- 3 CONVERSATION ACTIVATOR With a partner, personalize the conversation. Describe your house or apartment. Then change roles.
  - A: Do you live in a house or an apartment?
  - B: .....
  - A: What's it like?
  - B: Well, ......
  - A: Sounds nice!
- 4 CHANGE PARTNERS Talk about another classmate's home.

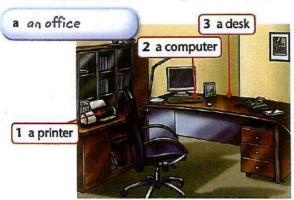


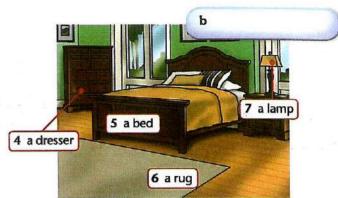
UNIT8 67

FLASH
Then read and listen. Listen again and repeat.

FIGURE 1

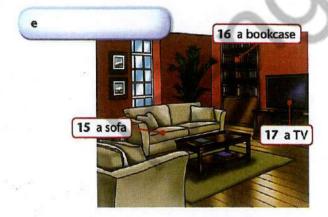
FLASH
Then read and listen. Listen again and repeat.

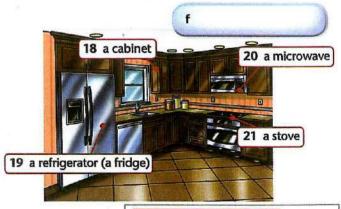












VOCABULARY BOOSTER

More home and office vocabulary • p. 129

- 2 DISTENING COMPREHENSION Listen to the comments about furniture and appliances. Look at the pictures in the Vocabulary. Write the correct room.
  - 1 It's in the ......

4 It's in the ......

- 2 It's in the ......
- 5 They're in the ......
- 3 It's in the ......
- 6 It's in the ......

44 My living room has a sofa and two chairs, and there's a large bookcase.

NOW YOU CAN Talk about furniture and appliances

- 1 3:31 CONVERSATION MODEL Read and listen.
  - A: This is a nice sofa. What do you think?
  - B: Actually, I think it's beautiful.
  - A: And what about this lamp?
  - B: I don't know. I'm not sure.
- 2 P3:32 RHYTHM AND INTONATION Listen again and repeat. Then practice the Conversation Model with a partner.
- 3 CONVERSATION ACTIVATOR Change the conversation. Ask your partner's opinion about the furniture and appliances in the pictures. (Or use your own pictures.) Then change roles.
  - A: This is a nice ......... What do you think?
  - B: Actually, I think it's ......
  - A: And what about this .....?

Ask about other furniture

▶ 3:33 Positive and

beautiful

nice

great

negative adjectives

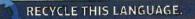
8

ugly

awful

terrible

and appliances.



I like this I don't like this. Really?

What about you?



CHANGE PARTNERS Practice the conversation again.





1 S334 READING Read about where people live. Who lives in a house? Who lives in an apartment?

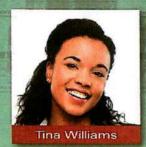
# Where Do You Live?



I'm Jeewhan Yoon from the city of Busan, in Korea. My wife and I live in a small house with two floors and a garage. There are two bedrooms, a living room, a small kitchen, and one bathroom.

My favorite room is the living room. There's a big sofa, and I usually read there. We also watch movies on TV in the living room.

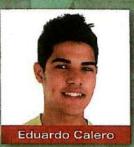
One thing I don't like: we don't have a garden.



I'm Tina Williams, and I'm from Seattle, in the United States. I live in a small white house with a two-car garage.

Downstairs, there's a living room, a dining room, and a nice large kitchen with large windows and a view of the garden. There are two bedrooms and one bathroom upstairs. There's also a very small office—my favorite room. I study there.

It's small, but I love my house!



My name is Eduardo Calero, and I live in Caracas, Venezuela. My family has a really nice apartment on the eighth floor. There's an elevator, of course, and there's a garage on the first floor.

We have three bedrooms and two bathrooms. My brother and I have our own rooms. The kitchen is small, but it has beautiful new appliances. The living room is my favorite room, though, because it has a fantastic view of the city of Caracas.

2 READING COMPREHENSION Check the descriptions that match each person's home.

	Jeewhan Yoon	Tina Williams	Eduardo Calero
three bedrooms			
two bathrooms			
a small kitchen			
no office			
no garden			
a two-car garage			
an elevator			

MOR EXERCISE

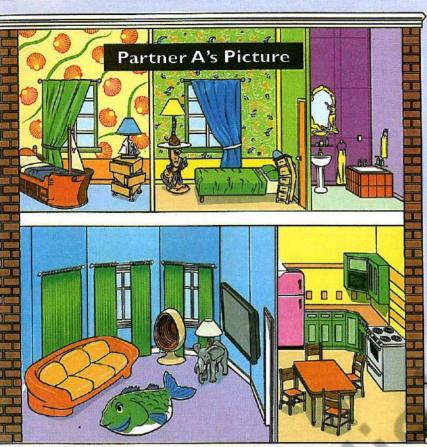
3 PAIR WORK Compare your home with the homes in the Reading.

Tina's kitchen has a view of the garden, but my house doesn't have a garden.

Eduardo lives in an apartment. I live in an apartment, too. His apartment has two bathrooms, but my apartment has one.

GRAMMAR BOOSTER Unit 8 review • p. 140

For additional language	ge practice
J YORK TOP NOTCH "Home Is When	POP • Lyrics p. 150 e the Heart Is"
SONG	KARAOKE



INFO GAP Find everything that's different in the two pictures. Ask questions. For example:

How many \_ are there? Is there \_?

Does the \_ have \_? Are there \_?

#### PAIR WORK

- 1 Express your opinions about the houses, the furniture, and the appliances. For example:
  - A: What do you think of \_?
  - B: I think it's really nice. What about you?
- 2 Your partner closes his or her book. You describe one of the houses. Your partner draws a picture of the house. For example:

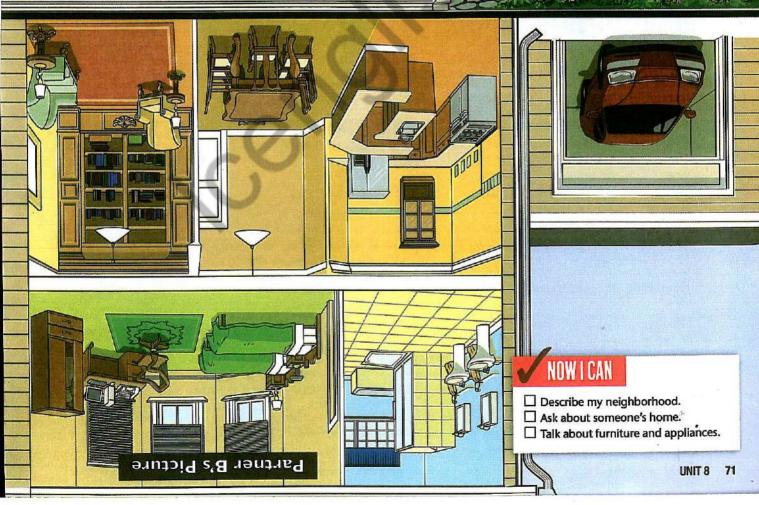
  Upstairs, there are two small bedrooms and a small bathroom.

WRITING Compare your home with one of the homes in the Reading on page 70. For example:

Ms. Williams's house has two

bedrooms upstairs, but my ...

WRITING BOOSTER p. 148
Guidance for this writing exercise



## **COMMUNICATION GOALS**

- 1 Describe today's weather.
- 2 Discuss plans.
- 3 Ask about people's activities.



# **Activities and Plans**





Describe today's weather

#### **VOCABULARY BOOSTER**

More weather vocabulary . p. 130



1 •3:37 VOCABULARY • Weather expressions Read and listen. Then listen again and repeat.

### HOW'S THE WEATHER?



1 It's sunny.



2 It's cloudy.



6 It's hot.



7 It's cold.



3 It's windy.



4 It's raining.



5 It's snowing.



8 It's warm.

9 It's cool.

#### 2 >3:38 LISTENING COMPREHENSION

Listen to the weather reports. Check the correct word for each city. Then listen again and write the temperatures. Finally, listen again and describe the weather.

City	Hot	Warm	Cool	Cold	What's the temperature?	
1 Cali	1				35°	It's sunny.
2 Madrid						
3 Seoul						
4 Dubai						
5 Montrea						

#### 3 GRAMMAR • The present continuous: statements

The present continuous expresses actions in progress now. Use a form of be and a present participle.

#### **Affirmative**

I'm wearing a sweater. You're shaving. She's taking a bath. It's raining.

We're watching TV. They're exercising.

#### Negative

I'm not wearing a jacket.

You're not making lunch. [OR You aren't making lunch.]
She's not taking a shower. [OR She isn't taking a shower.]
It's not snowing. [OR It isn't snowing.]

We're not reading. [OR We aren't reading.]

They're not taking a nap. [OR They aren't taking a nap.]

#### Present participles

wear → wearing

study -> studying

exercise -> exercising

#### Some others:

doing, listening, reading, working, meeting, getting

GRAMMAR . The present continuous: yes / no questions

Are you eating right now? Is she taking the bus? Is it raining? Are they walking?

Yes, I am. / No. I'm not. Yes, she is, / No. she's not, [OR No. she isn't,] Yes, it is. / No, it's not. [OR No, it isn't.] Yes, they are. / No, they're not. [OR No, they aren't.]

5 GRAMMAR PRACTICE Complete each statement, question, or short answer with the present continuous. Use contractions.

1	now, and	a	nice, warm sweater.
-	lt / snow	l / wear	
2	? Yes, he		his textbook.
	he /study	He / read	
3	dinne	er right nowHe /	late at the office.
4	, and	Ann / take	a shower.
5	The children / not watch	/They / listen	to music.
6	this morni	ng? No. It's cloudy and	windy, but itnot rain
7	they / meet in the	e office right now? Yes, .	

bad ®

Awful!

Terrible!

good ③

Beautiful!

Nice! Great!

#### NOW YOU CAN Describe today's weather

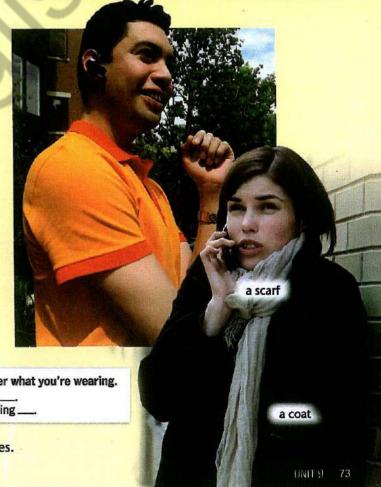
- 1 3:39 CONVERSATION MODEL Read and listen.
  - A: Hi, Molly, Jonathan.
  - B: Hey, Jonathan. Where are you?
  - A: I'm calling from Vancouver. How's the weather there in São Paulo?
  - B: Today? Awful! It's raining and cold.
  - A: No kidding! It's hot and sunny here.
- 2 3:40 RHYTHM AND INTONATION Listen again and repeat. Then practice the Conversation Model with a partner.
- **CONVERSATION ACTIVATOR With a partner,** change the conversation. Choose two cities. Role-play a conversation about the weather there. (Option: Find the weather report in the newspaper, on TV, or online.) Then change roles.
  - A: Hi, ......
  - B: .......... Where are you?
  - A: I'm calling from ....... How's the weather there in .....?
  - B: Today?..... It's ......
  - A: No kidding! It's ...... here.

Tell your partner what you're wearing.

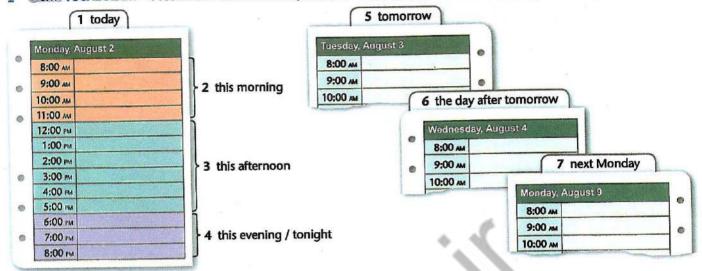
I'm wearing.

I'm not wearing

CHANGE PARTNERS Describe the weather in other places.



1 ©3:41 VOCABULARY • Present and future time expressions Read and listen. Then listen again and repeat.



2 GRAMMAR • The present continuous with present and future time expressions

Actions in the present

Are you watching TV right now? I'm not studying English this year. She's working at home this week. **Future plans** 

I'm buying shoes tomorrow. They're cleaning the house this weekend, not today. Janet's meeting Bill at 5:00 this afternoon.

3 GRAMMAR PRACTICE Read Marissa Miller's date book for this week. Then complete the paragraph. Use the present continuous.

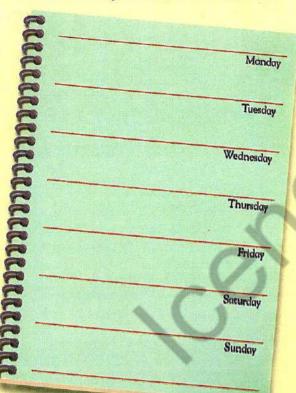
		A TOTAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPER
Today is Monday, and right now it's raining.  It's windy and cold, so Marissa is staying  home. But later she has plans. She	FEBRUARY 12 Monday - 11:00 meet Morn for lunch at the mall - afternoon do the laundry 13 Tuesday - Work - 5:20 meet Sandy at the City Bookstore 14 Wednesday - Work - call Dad at Work 1:00 (432-8976)	FEBRUARY  15 Thursday  - go to Chinese class 3:30  - meet James at Rossini's Restaurant  16 Friday  - work 9:00-12:00  - make dinner with Coline  17 Saturday  - 9:00 exercise in the park with Sarah  -1:00 go to the concert with Scarlet  18 Sunday  - study for driving test - clean the kitchen
tomorrow, she, and she	's Restaurant. On Friday, Mari dinner together at her he she and Scarlet	issa from 10 ouse. On Saturday, Marissa

UNIT 9

74

#### Discuss plans

- 1 3:42 CONVERSATION MODEL Read and listen.
  - A: What beautiful weather! It's so sunny and warm!
  - B: It really is! . . . So, Kate, are you doing anything special this weekend?
  - A: Well, on Saturday, I'm meeting Pam in the park.
  - B: Do you want to get together on Sunday?
  - A: Sure! Call me Sunday morning, OK?
- 2 \$\int 3:43 RHYTHM AND INTONATION Listen again and repeat. Then practice the Conversation Model with a partner.
- 3 PLAN YOUR CONVERSATION Fill in the date book for this week. Write your activities and the times.





VIDEO

4 CONVERSATION ACTIVATOR With a partner, personalize the conversation with real information from your date books. Describe the weather today and use the time expressions for your plans. Then change roles.

A: What ...... weather! It's so .......!

B: It really isl . . . So, ......, are you doing anything special ......?

A: Well, ...... I'm ......

B: Do you want to get together ......?

A: Surel Call me ....., OK?

DON'T STOP!

Ask about plans for other days of the week.

## RECYCLE THIS LANGUAGE.

Time expressions on [Friday] this [afternoon] in the [evening] tomorrow the day after tomorrow Adjectives for weather bad good

awful nice terrible great ugly beautiful Describe the weather it's so [cloudy / windy]! And it's so [hot / cold / cool]! And it's [raining / snowing]!

5 CHANGE PARTNERS Discuss other plans.

1 GRAMMAR • The present continuous: Information questions

What is she watching? (A TV program.) Where is he driving? (To work.)

What are you doing? (We're checking e-mail.) Where are they going? (They're going to the movies.)

BUT: Note the different word order when  $\underline{\text{who}}$  is the subject. Who is working? (Ben.)

2 PAIR WORK Ask and answer questions about Mike and Patty. Use the present continuous and <u>What</u>, <u>Where</u>, and <u>Who</u>.

44 It's 8:20. What's Mike doing? 77

44 He's eating breakfast. 77



MORE EXERCISES

VIDEO

3 PRONUNCIATION • Intonation of questions Use rising intonation for yes / no questions. Use falling intonation for information questions. Read and listen. Then listen again and repeat.

Yes /no questions

1 Are you eating?

2 Is he walking?

3 Are they watching a movie?

4 Is her family at home?

5 Are you a teacher?

Information questions

What are you eating?

Where is he walking?

Who's watching a movie?

Where is her family?

What do you do?

4 GRAMMAR • The present participle: spelling rules

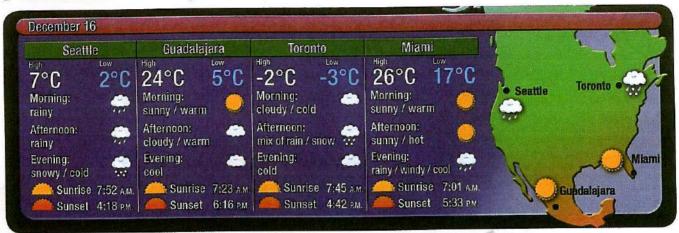
present participle base form present participle base form making talking taking take reading read coming come watching watch Remember: put -> putting get → getting shop → shopping

5	GRAMMAR PRACTICE Write th	e present participle of each base t	form.	
	1 check	3 wash	5 drive	
MORE EXERCISES	2 write	4 go	6 get up	
6	▶ 3:45 LISTENING COMPREHEN	ISION Listen. Complete each state	ment in the present continuous.	ž.
-	1 Sara's			
	2 Dan's			
	3 Eva's			
				61
We	W VOLLOSAL	Bana San Ali		
NU	WYOU CAN Ask about pe	ople's activities	The same of the sa	YAT
	AND CONTRACTION MODEL	Bood and liston		
1	▶ 3:46 CONVERSATION MODEL	Read and listen.		
	A: Hello?  B: Hi, Grace. This is Jessica. V	What are you doing?		
	A: Well, actually, I'm doing t			
	B: Oh, I'm sorry. Should I ca	II you back later?		TO THE RESERVE TO THE
	A: Yes, thanks. Talk to you la	ter. Bye.		
	B: Bye.			
2	<b>≥ 3:47 RHYTHM AND INTONAT</b>	ION Listen again and repeat.	A Common of the	
	Then practice the Conversat			
3	CONVERGATION ACTIVATOR V	Vith a partner, personalize the		
3	conversation. Use your own			
	use your own activities. The			
	A: Hello?			
	<b>B:</b> Hi, This is			
	A: Well, actually, I rig	int now.		
	B: Oh, I'm sorry. Should I ca A: Yes, thanks. Talk to you la			
	В:	DON'T STOP!		+7
		Talk about a time to call back.		w s
	. (	Call me at 3:00.		
		Call me tonight.		
	100			
	34			
	10 200	0		
	W EDD DOT			1
			(5)	
	11/1/11/11	THE DOC		7
		PA PA		
			Ch I LELY	V
4	CHANGE PARTNERS Ask and	I talk about other activities.		

# **EXTENSION**

MOR!

1 3:48 READING Look at today's weather forecast.



2 READING COMPREHENSION Complete the chart for December 16<sup>th</sup> weather, according to the forecast in the Reading.

	in the morning	in the afternoon	in the evening
sunny	Guadalajara and Miami		
cloudy			
windy		. 60	
snowy			
rainy			
hot			
warm		A	
cold			
cool		,	

READING COMPREHENSION Look at the sunrise and sunset times. Answer the questions.

1 Which cities have sunrises before 7:30? .....

2 Which cities have sunsets before 5:00? .....

4 VOCABULARY / GRAMMAR GAME Team 1 mimes an activity. Team 2 asks questions. Use the activities from the box.



GRAMMAR BOOSTER Unit 9 review • p. 141



## **COMMUNICATION GOALS**

- 1 Discuss ingredients for a recipe.
- 2 Offer and ask for foods.
- 3 Invite someone to join you at the table.

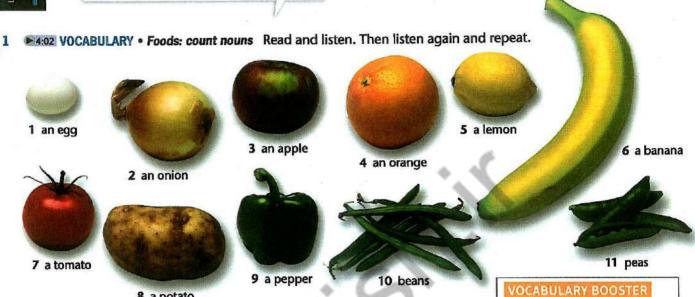
More vegetables and fruits . p. 131



Food



Discuss ingredients for a recipe



2 \$\int 4:03 LISTENING COMPREHENSION Listen to the conversations. Check the foods you hear in each conversation.

		<b>S</b>	<b>6</b> 9	<b>6</b>		
1	1	47,243			1	1
2						
3						
4						
5				7. 17. 3		

3 PAIR WORK Which foods do you like? Tell your partner. Compare your likes and dislikes.

8 a potato

I don't like bananas, but I really like apples. 77

GRAMMAR • How many / Are there any

Use How many and Are there any with plural nouns.

How many onions are there? (Ten or twelve.)

How many apples are there in the refrigerator? (I'm not sure. Maybe two.)

Are there any lemons? (Yes, there are. OR Yes. There are three.) (No, there aren't. OR No. There aren't any.)

5 •4:04 VOCABULARY • Places to keep food in a kitchen Read and listen. Then listen again and repeat.







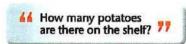
1 in the fridge (in the refrigerator)

2 on the shelf

3 on the counter



PAIR WORK Ask and answer questions about the Vocabulary pictures. Use How many and Are there any.



Green Bean Salad

Ingredients:

44 There are three. 77

## NOW YOU CAN

#### Discuss ingredients for a recipe

- 1 P4:05 CONVERSATION MODEL Read and listen.
  - A: How about some green bean salad?
  - B: Green bean salad? That sounds delicious! I love green beans.
  - A: Are there any beans in the fridge?
  - B: Yes, there are.
  - A: And do we have any onions?
  - B: I'm not sure. I'll check.
- CONVERSATION ACTIVATOR With a partner, change the conversation. Use the recipes. Then change roles. Start like this:
  - A: How about some ......?
  - B: ......? That sounds delicious! I love .......
  - A: Are there any ......?
  - B: .....

Continue with the other ingredients in the recipe.



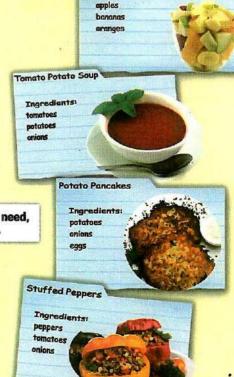
#### RECYCLE THIS LANGUAGE.

We need [onions]. We don't have [eggs]. I really like [beans]. I don't like [peas]. And how about \_\_\_?
Uh-oh.
I don't know.
Sounds nice.

4 CHANGE PARTNERS Discuss another recipe.



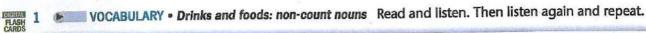
Talk about what you need, want, have, and like.



Fruit Salad

Ingredients:

UNIT 10 81







2 VOCABULARY PRACTICE Which foods from the Vocabulary do you like? Discuss with your classmates.



3 GRAMMAR . Count nouns and non-count nouns

They can be singular or plural.

Non-count nouns name things you cannot count. They are not singular or plural.

I want an apple.
I like bananas.
We have three tomatoes on the shelf.

Count nouns name things you can count.

I don't eat sugar. Rice is good for you. Pasta is my favorite food.

#### Be careful!

 Use singular verbs with non-count nouns.

Rice is good for you.

NOT Rice are good for you.

Not me. I really don't like cheese.

 Don't use <u>-s</u> or <u>a</u> / <u>an</u> with non-count nouns.

rice NOT a rice NOT two rices

DIGITAL
MORE
ERCISES

4 GRAMMAR PRACTICE Complete the chart. Be carefull Make your count nouns plural. But don't make your non-count nouns plural. Then compare with a partner.

l eat	pasta, peas
I don't eat	
I drink	
I don't drink	

5 GRAMMAR . How much / Is there any

#### Use How much and is there any to ask about non-count nouns.

How much bread does she want? (NOT How many bread does she want?)
How much milk is there? (NOT How many milk is there?)
Is there any butter? Yes, there is. / No, there isn't. OR No. There isn't any.

Remember:

Use <u>How many</u> with plural count nouns. **How many apples** are there? NOT <u>How much</u> apples are there?

6 •4:08 VOCABULARY • Containers and quantities Read and listen. Then listen again and repeat.











1 a box of pasta

2 a loaf of bread

3 a bottle of juice

4 a can of soda

5 a bag of onions

7 GRAMMAR PRACTICE Complete each question with How much or How many.

1	 loaves of bread do you need?
2	 bags of potatoes do we have?
3	 cheese is there in the fridge?
4	 sugar do you want in your tea?

- 5 ..... eggs are there for the potato pancakes?
- 6 ..... cans of tomatoes are there on the shelf?

## NOW YOU CAN

#### Offer and ask for foods

- 1 4:09 CONVERSATION MODEL Read and listen.
  - A: Would you like coffee or tea?
  - B: I'd like coffee, please. Thanks.
  - A: And would you like sugar?
  - B: No, thanks.
  - A: Please pass the butter.
  - B: Here you go.
- 2 P4:10 RHYTHM AND INTONATION Listen again and repeat.
  Then practice the Conversation Model with a partner.
- 3 CONVERSATION ACTIVATOR With a partner, change the conversation. Use other foods and drinks. Then change roles.
  - A: Would you like ..... or .....?
  - B: I'd like ....., please. Thanks.
  - A: And would you like .....?
  - B: .....
  - A: Please pass the .......
  - B: Here you go.
- 4 CHANGE PARTNERS Change the conversation again.



1 GRAMMAR • The simple present tense and the present continuous

Remember: Use the simple present tense with verbs <u>have</u>, <u>want</u>, <u>need</u>, and <u>like</u>.

I like coffee. NOT !'m liking coffee.

Use the simple present tense to describe habitual actions and with frequency adverbs.

I cook dinner every day. I never eat eggs for breakfast. Use the present continuous for actions in progress right now.

We're making dinner now. She's studying English this year.

#### Be careful!

Don't say: We <del>cook</del> dinner now. Don't say: I <del>am cooking</del> dinner every day.

2 GRAMMAR PRACTICE Complete each statement or question with the simple present tense or the present continuous.

- 1 Who ...... lunch in the kitchen right now?
- 2 Where ...... he usually ......lunch—at home or at the office?
- 3 They ...... a lot of sugar in their tea.
- 4 We ..... the kitchen every day.
- 5 Elaine and Joe aren't here. They .....drive
- 6 Why ......six cans of tomatoes?

  \_\_\_\_\_\_ tomato soup for lunch?

  you / make
- 7 ...... to work tomorrow?
- 8 How many boxes of rice .....?
- 9 1 .....a bottle of juice in the fridge.
- 10 I can't talk right now. I .....study

3 GRAMMAR PRACTICE Look at Suzanne and her weekly schedule. Then write about Suzanne. What is she doing right now? What does she do at other times? Use the present continuous and the simple present tense.



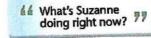
Suzanne is listening to music right now. She teaches English on Mondays, Tuesdays . . .

4 PAIR WORK Ask and answer questions about Suzanne's activities. Use the simple present tense and the present continuous.





44 Yes, she does. 77



44 She's listening to music. 77

VIDEO

5 A:11 PRONUNCIATION • Vowel sounds Read and listen.
Then listen again and repeat.

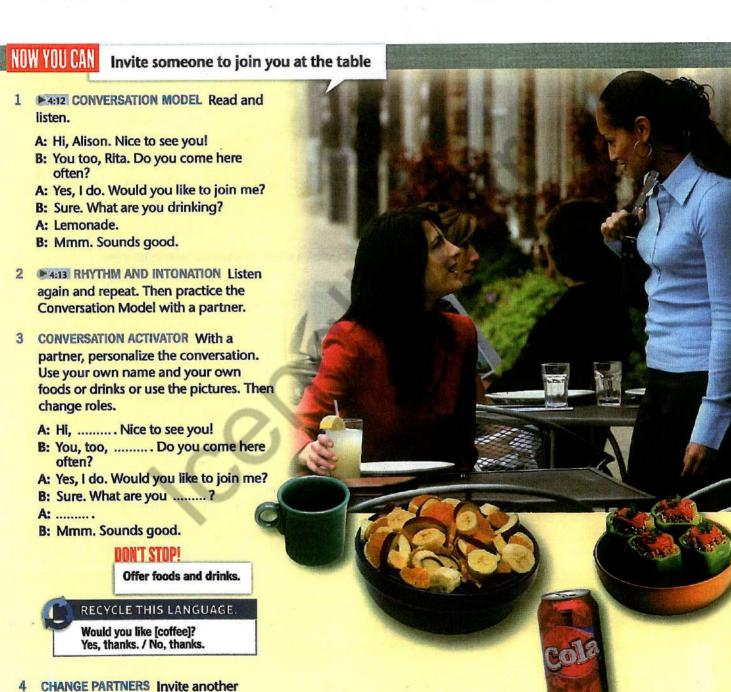
1 /i/	2 /1/	3 /eɪ/	4 /٤/	5 /æ/
see	six	late	pepper	apple
tea	fish	potato	red	jacket
street	this	train	lemon	has

6 PAIR WORK Read aloud a word from the Pronunciation chart. Your partner says another word from the same group.

classmate to join you.

44 fish 77

44 six 77



# EXTENSION

1 P4:14 READING Read a recipe with only three ingredients.

# ▶ 4:15 Cooking verbs

1 cut

3 put

## Hungarian Cabbage and Noodles

#### Ingredients

- 1 large head of green cabbage 1/2 cup unsalted butter 11 ounces (700 grams) of egg noodles
- 1. Cut the cabbage into small slices.
- 2. Put the cabbage into a large bowl and add salt.
- 3. Put the cabbage into the refrigerator overnight.
- 4. The next day, drain the cabbage.
- 5. Melt the butter in a large pan.
- 6. Sauté the cabbage until it is light brown and very soft (30-40 minutes).
- 7. Cook the noodles and drain them. Mix them with the cabbage. Add lots of black pepper.





2 add

Source: Adapted from Recipes 1-2-3 by Rozanne Gold (New York: Viking, 1997)

- 2 READING COMPREHENSION Answer the questions. Compare your answers with a partner.
  - 1 How many ingredients does the recipe have? .....
  - 2 What are the ingredients? .....
  - 3 Is there any butter or oil in the recipe? .....













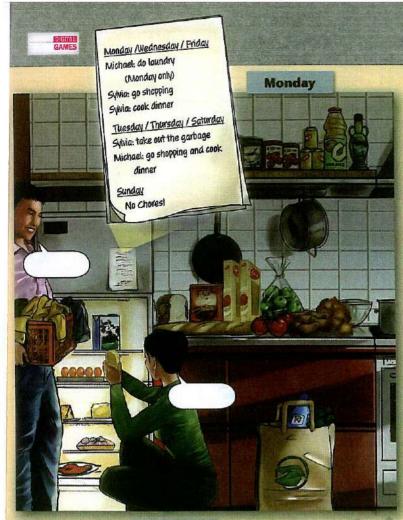


SPEAKING PRACTICE Tell a partner what you eat for each meal.

My favorite food for breakfast is eggs.

GRAMMAR BOOSTER Unit 10 review • p. 142





MEMORY GAME Look at the pictures for one minute. Then close your books and say all the foods and drinks you remember. Use count and non-count nouns correctly.

DESCRIPTION Use the schedule and the pictures to describe Michael and Sylvia's activities and habitual actions. Use the present continuous and the simple present tense. For example:

It's Tuesday. Michael is cooking dinner. Sylvia cooks dinner on Mondays.

#### PAIR WORK

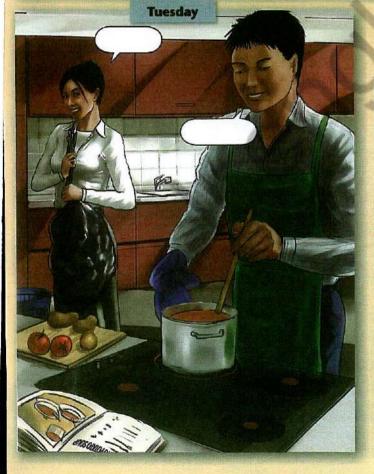
- 1 Ask and answer questions about the pictures. Use <u>How many</u> and <u>How much</u>. Answer with <u>There is</u> and <u>There are</u>. For example:
  - A: How many boxes of pasta are there on the counter?
  - B: There are two.
- 2 Create conversations for Michael and Sylvia in the three pictures. For example:
  - A: Would you like peas?
  - B: Yes, please. And please pass the salt.

WRITING Write about what you eat on a typical day.

Start like this:

For breakfast I eat...

WRITING BOOSTER p. 148
Guidance for this writing exercise





## COMMUNICATION GOALS

- 1 Tell someone about an event.
- 2 Describe your past activities.
- 3 Talk about your weekend.



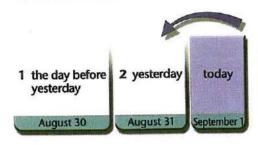
# **Past Events**





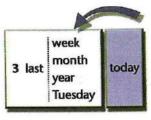
Tell someone about an event

1 VOCABULARY • Describing times before today Read and listen. Then listen again and repeat.



Where was the party last night?

When was she in Italy? Who was at the party?





2 >4:21 LISTENING COMPREHENSION Listen and circle the year.

1 1913 / 1930

3 1967 / 1976

2 2016 / 2060

4 2001 / 2021

3 PAIR WORK Choose five of the following years. Say a year to your partner. Your partner circles the year. ▶ 4:20 Years, decades, and centuries

1900 = nineteen hundred

1901 = nineteen oh one

2000 = two thousand

2001 = two thousand one

2010 = twenty ten / two thousand ten

1990 to 1999 = the (nineteen) nineties

1901 to 2000 = the twentieth century

2001 to 2100 = the twenty-first century



4 GRAMMAR • The past tense of be: statements and questions; there was / there were

#### **Statements** Contractions Plural Singular was not → wasn't were not -> weren't We was were at school yesterday. You at home. He weren't wasn't They She There were two movies last weekend. There was a concert last night. Questions Plural Singular Were you at the party last night? Was it cloudy yesterday? (Yes, we were. / No, we weren't.) (Yes, it was. / No, it wasn't.) Were there students at the meeting? Was there a game at the stadium? (Yes, there were. / No, there weren't.) (Yes, there was. / No, there wasn't.)

88 UNIT 11

Where were they last weekend?

Who were those students?"

When were you at the bookstore?

- 5 GRAMMAR PRACTICE With a partner, take turns asking and answering the questions about the calendar. Today is April 20.
  - 1 What day was yesterday?

46 Yesterday was April 19th. 77

- 2 What day was six days ago?
- 3 What day was one month ago?
- 4 What day was the day before yesterday?
- 5 What were the dates of last Saturday and Sunday?
- 6 What day was two months ago?
- 6 •4:22 LISTENING COMPREHENSION Listen to the conversations about events. Then listen again and circle the correct day or month.
  - 1 If today is Sunday, then the party was on (Saturday / Friday / Thursday).
  - 2 If this is January, then their birthdays were in (February / December / January).
  - 3 If today is Friday, then the game was on (Monday / Thursday / Wednesday).

#### APRIL Mon Tues Wed Thurs Fri Sun Sat 3 4 5 6 1 2 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 17 19 20 14 15 16 18 21 22 23 24 25 27 26 28 29 30

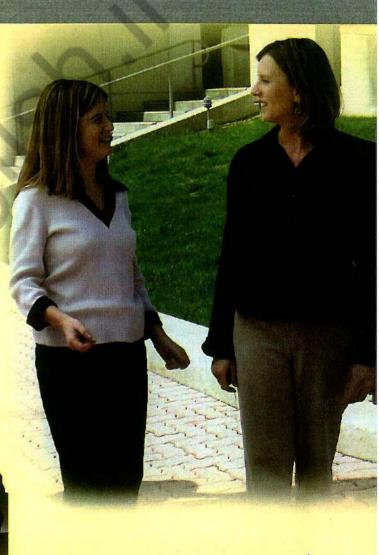
### NOW YOU CAN

### Tell someone about an event

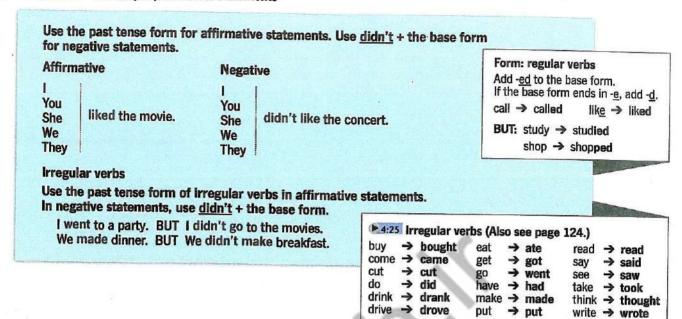
- 1 4:23 CONVERSATION MODEL Read and listen.
  - A: Where were you last night?
  - B: What time?
  - A: At about 8:00.
  - B: I was at home. Why?
  - A: Because there was a great party at Celia's house.
  - B: There was? Too bad I wasn't there!
- 2 \*4:24 RHYTHM AND INTONATION Listen again and repeat.
  Then practice the Conversation Model with a partner.
- 3 CONVERSATION ACTIVATOR Make a list of places for an event in your city or town. Use the pictures for kinds of events. With a partner, change the conversation, using your events. Then change roles.
  - A: Where were you ......?
  - B: What time?
  - A: At about .......
  - B: I was at ......... Why?
  - A: Because there was a ...... at .........
  - B: There was? Too bad I wasn't there!



4 CHANGE PARTNERS Talk about other events and places.



### 1 GRAMMAR • The simple past tense: statements

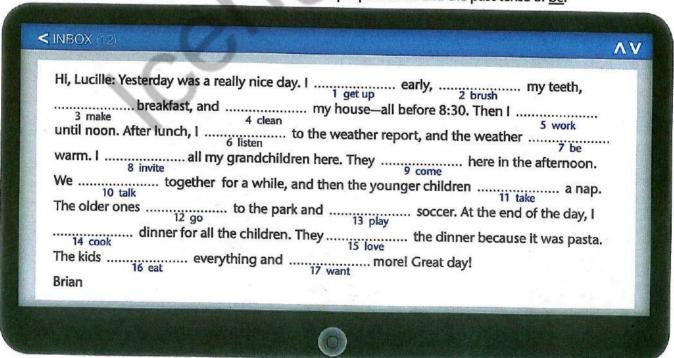


VIDEO 2

▶ 4:26 PRONUNCIATION • The regular simple past tense ending Listen. Then listen again and repeat.

```
1 /d/ 2 /t/ 3 /ɪd/
listened = listen/d/ liked = like/t/ wanted = want/ɪd/
exercised = exercise/d/ washed = wash/t/ needed = need/ɪd/
```

3 GRAMMAR PRACTICE Complete the e-mail. Use the simple past tense and the past tense of be.



MORI EXERCISES

4 GRAMMAR • The simple past tense: questions

Question forms are the same with regular and irregular verbs.

you VOII watch TV last night? he Yes. did. he Did see a movie? she she didn't. WA we thev thev

Where did you go last weekend?
What time did they go out to dinner?
What did your friend watch on TV?
How many cups of coffee did she drink?
Who did they see yesterday?

Be careful!

Remember: Word order changes when Who is the subject of the sentence:

Who went to the mall this morning? (We did.)

5 GRAMMAR PRACTICE Complete the conversations, using the simple past tense.

1 A: Where ...... on Saturday?

B: ...... to the movies. ..... a

2 We/go 3 we/see
good family movie.

A: ..... out to eat afterwards?

B: Actually, ...... a little and
10 he / eat
..... it was good.
11 he / say

2 A: ..... out the garbage this morning?

A: And ...... the laundry?

B: I'm not sure. But I think ...... the

15 Laura / do
laundry this morning, too.

A: That's great, but ...... any household chores?

B: Me? Last week ..... all the chores:

shopping, and .......home
18 I/go 19 I/come
early, and ......dinner every night.



### NOW YOU CAN Describe your past activities

1 \$\rightarrow\$4:27 CONVERSATION MODEL Read and listen.

A: So what did you do yesterday?

B: Well, I got up at seven, I made breakfast, and then I went to work.

A: What about after work? Did you do anything special?

B: Not really. I just made dinner and watched a movie.

3 CONVERSATION ACTIVATOR With a partner, personalize the conversation. Describe your past activities. Then change roles.

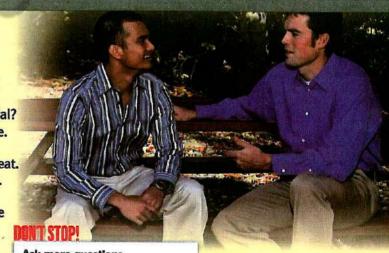
A: So what did you do .....?

B: Well, I ......, and then I .......

A: What about ......? Did you do anything special?

B: .....

4 CHANGE PARTNERS Ask about other past activities.



#### Ask more questions.

Did you [wash the dishes]? Who [took out the garbage]? When did you [go to the movies]?

#### ideas

household chores

leisure activities

entertainment events

1 •4:29 VOCABULARY • Outdoor activities Read and listen. Then listen again and repeat.

**VOCABULARY BOOSTER** 

More outdoor activities • p. 132



1 go to the beach



2 go running



3 go bike riding



4 go for a walk



5 go swimming



6 go for a drive

2 PAIR WORK Ask and answer questions with When and How often and the Vocabulary. Use the simple present tense.

44 How often do you go to the beach?

I go about once a month. "

3 P4:30 LISTENING COMPREHENSION Listen to the conversations. Then check the correct picture to complete each statement.

1 Rosalie went





2 He's going.





3 They're going





4 He went







### NOW YOU CAN

### Talk about your weekend

- 1 P4:31 CONVERSATION MODEL Read and listen.
  - A: Did you have a good weekend?
  - B: Let me think.... Oh, yeah. I had a great weekend.
  - A: What did you do?
  - B: Well, on Saturday, my friends and I went bike riding and to a movie. Then on Sunday, I went for a drive. What about you?
  - A: Well, on Saturday, the weather was great, so I went for a walk. And on Sunday, my family and I went to the beach.
- 2 P4:32 RHYTHM AND INTONATION Listen again and repeat. Then practice the Conversation Model with a partner.
- 3 NOTEPADDING On the notepad, write what you did on the weekend.

On Sunday	On Sunday	On Saturday	
On Sunday	On Sunday		
	113	On Sunday	

- 4 CONVERSATION ACTIVATOR With a partner, personalize the conversation. Use your own information and the simple past tense.
  - A: Did you have a good weekend?
  - B: Let me think . . . Oh, yeah. I ........
  - A: What did you do?
  - B: Well, ........ Then ....... What about you?
  - A: Well, on ......, the weather was ......, so I ........ And on Sunday, .......
  - 5 CHANGE PARTNERS Talk about more weekend activities.

### DON'T STOP!

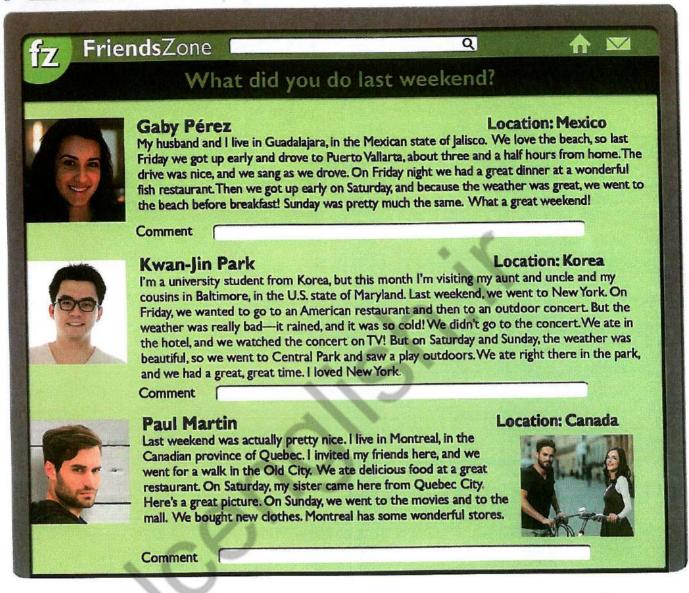
Ask your partner more questions.

### RECYCLE THIS LANGUAGE.

Really?
Did you do anything special?
What time did you come home?
Is [the beach] far from here?
Do you [go swimming] often?
How often do you [go bike riding]?

UNIT 11 9

1 P4:33 READING Read about what people did last weekend.



2 READING COMPREHENSION Write one yes / no question and one information question about Gaby, Kwan-Jin, and Paul. Then answer a partner's questions.

Information questions

Ideas

Was [Gaby] in . . .
Did [Kwan-Jin] . . .
Where was \_ . . .
Where did \_\_\_ . . .
What did \_\_\_ . . .
Who was with \_\_\_ .

When did \_ What did \_ last weekend? last Sunday? on Saturday? on Friday night?

MOR

3 SPEAKING / GRAMMAR PRACTICE Ask your partner questions about an activity in the past. Then tell your classmates about the activity. Use past-time expressions.

GRAMMAR BOOSTER

For additional language practice...

JOYORK TOP NOTCH
POP Lyrics p. 151

"My Favorite Day"

POP LYRICS p. 151

VERB GAME Form two teams. Look at the pictures for one minute. Then close your books. Each team makes a list of all the actions in the pictures. The team with the most actions wins. For example: Yesterday do the laundry watch TV STORY Tell a story about one of the people. Use past-time expressions. For example: Last weekend, Karen went to a concert with her friends. She ... PAIR WORK With a partner, play the role of Don or Karen. Discuss your activities from the day before and the weekend before. Start like this: So what did you do [last weekend] ...? WRITING Choose one of the following topics: Write about Don and Karen. Write about what they did. b Write about your weekend. Write about what you did. For example: Last weekend I went to the beach .. WRITING BOOSTER p. 149 Guidance for this writing exercise Yesterday **Last Weekend Last Weekend** Saturday o o c NOW I CAN ☐ Tell someone about an event. Describe my past activities. ☐ Talk about my weekend. ' 0:00A.M. UNIT 11



- 1 Describe appearance.
- 2 Show concern about an injury.
- 3 Suggest a remedy.



# **Appearance and Health**





Describe appearance

• 4:36 VOCABULARY • Adjectives to describe hair Read and listen. Then listen again and repeat.



2 brown



4 blonde

5 gray

6 white























14 He's bald. 15 He has a







9 straight

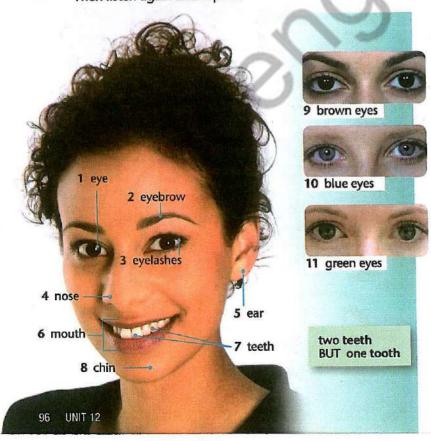
10 wavy

11 curly

12 long

13 short

2 4:37 VOCABULARY • The face Read and listen. Then listen again and repeat.



▶ 4:38 LISTENING COMPREHENSION Listen to the descriptions. Write the number of the conversation in the circle.











#### 4 GRAMMAR . Describing people with be and have

With be

Her eyes are blue. Their hair is gray.

Her eyelashes are long and dark.

With have

She has blue eves. They have gray hair.

She has long, dark eyelashes.

Remember:

Adjectives come before the nouns they describe. She has blue eyes. NOT She has eyes blue.

Adjectives are never plural.

She has blue eyes. NOT She has blues eyes. Her eyes are blue. NOT Her eyes are blues.

- 5 GRAMMAR PRACTICE Complete each sentence with the correct form of be or have.
  - 1 A: What does your brother look like?
    - B: Well, he ...... a mustache and wavy hair. And he wears glasses.
  - 2 A: What does your mother look like?
    - B: Her hair ...... curly and black.
  - 3 A: What does her father look like?
    - B: He ...... a short, gray beard.

- 4 A: What does his grandmother look like?
  - B: She ...... curly, gray hair and beautiful eyes.
- 5 A: What does his sister look like?
  - B: His sister? Her hair ...... long and pretty!
- 6 A: What do your brothers look like?
  - B: They ...... straight, black hair, and they wear glasses.



### Describe appearance

- 1 CONVERSATION MODEL Read and listen.
  - A: Who's that? He looks familiar.
  - B: Who?

NOW YOU CAN

- A: The man with the short, gray hair.
- B: Oh, that's Andrea Bocelli. He's a singer from Italy.
- A: No kidding!
- 2 RHYTHM AND INTONATION Listen again and repeat. Then practice the Conversation Model with a partner.
- 3 CONVERSATION ACTIVATOR With a partner, change the conversation. Talk about the people in the photos. (OR use your own photos.) Then change roles.
  - A: Who's that? ..... looks familiar.
  - B: Who?
  - A: The ...... with the ......
  - B: Oh, that's ...... 's ...... from .......
  - A: No kidding!

Say more about the person's appearance.



### RECYCLE THIS LANGUAGE.

He's so [good-looking / handsome / old]. He's very [young / tall]. His hair is so [wavy / pretty / short]. His eyes are very [blue / dark].

CHANGE PARTNERS Talk about other people.

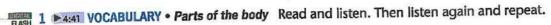


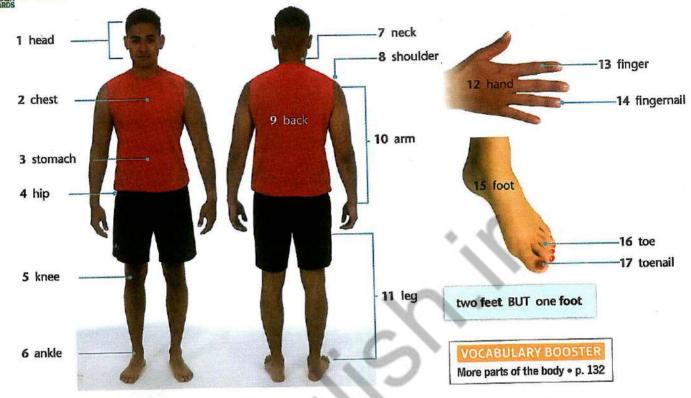
playwright (England)





singer (Italy)





2 GAME / VOCABULARY PRACTICE Follow a classmate's directions. If you make a mistake, sit down.



3 • 4:42 VOCABULARY • Accidents and injuries Read and listen.

Then listen again and repeat.



1 He burned his finger.



2 She hurt her back.



3 She cut her hand.





4 He broke his arm.



5 He fell down.

4			EHENSION List neck your worl		conversations. Writ	e each injury			£
		ned her arm	1.5		He				
	2 He				She				
	3 She			6	Не				
MARIE E	NAME DOOM	UNCUSTION .	Mana versal as	uuda Da					
NDEO OACH	Then practi	ce saying the	e words on you	unas kea urown.	ad and listen. Then li	isten again ar	id repeat.		
					-				
	1 /u/	2/0/	3/00/	4/3/	5 /a/	18°			
	tooth	should	nose	awful	blonde		40		
	blue	good	toe	fall	hot				
	food	foot	broke	long	wash				
	L								
							991	2 000	
NO	W YOU CAN	Show con	ncern about a	an injur					
				7/				William Strains	
1	▶4:46 CONV	ERSATION M	ODEL Read an	d listen.	4:48				
	A: Hey, Eva	n. What hap	pened?		Ways to express concern		A SHARE STATE		
	B: I broke n				I'm sorry to hear that.	(Allen)			
		to hear that no. It doesn	t. Does it hurt	a lot?	Oh, no. That's too bad.	A		A A	
	b: Actually,	no. it doesn	1 6	1	mat's too bau.				G
2			NATION Lister		nd				
			e Conversatio	n Model		10	Real Property		
	with a parti	ner.						41	. 3
3	CONVERSAT	ION ACTIVATO	OR With a part	ner, chai	nge				
	the convers	ation. Use th	ne pictures for			THE STATE OF THE S			
	change role			4					
		What ha	appened?	90				A A	
	B: I	oes it hurt a	lot2	100		THE R			
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4	CHANGE PA	RTNERS Disc	cuss other inju	ries.					
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					7-1-14			20	



▶4:49 VOCABULARY • Ailments Read and listen. Then listen again and repeat.



2 VOCABULARY PRACTICE Tell your partner about a time 44 I had a headache last week. you had an ailment. Use the Vocabulary.

& Really? I never have headaches. 77

3 64:50 VOCABULARY • Remedies Read and listen. Then listen again and repeat.



1 take something



2 lie down



3 have some tea



4 see a doctor / see a dentist

GRAMMAR • Should + base form for suggestions



5 LISTENING COMPREHENSION Listen to the conversations. Check the correct ailments. Then complete the suggestion for a remedy each person gives. Use <u>should</u>.

	a cold	a fever	a headache	a stomachache	a sore throat	a backache	a toothache	Remedy
1								She should take something.
2								He
3								She
4	. 🗆							He
5								She
6								He

6 VOCABULARY / GRAMMAR PRACTICE Work with a partner. Listen to your partner's ailments. Suggest remedies. Use <a href="mailto:should-remedies">should or shouldn't</a>.

#### Partner A's ailments

- 1 I have a backache.
- 2 I don't feel well. I think I have a fever.
- 3 My son doesn't feel well. He has a cough.

#### Partner B's ailments

- 1 I have a bad toothache.
- 2 I have a sore throat.
- 3 My wife feels really bad. She has a stomachache.

### NOW YOU CAN

### Suggest a remedy

- 1 CONVERSATION MODEL Read and listen.
  - A: I don't feel well.
  - B: What's wrong?
  - A: I have a headache.
  - B: Oh, that's too bad. You really should take something.
  - A: Good idea. Thanks.
  - B: I hope you feel better.
- ▶ 4:54
- Ways to say you're sick
- I don't feel well.
- I feel terrible.
- I don't feel so good.
- 2 \*4:53 RHYTHM AND INTONATION Listen again and repeat.
  Then practice the Conversation Model with a partner.
- CONVERSATION ACTIVATOR With a partner, change the conversation. Suggest a remedy with should. Then change roles.
  - A: .....
  - B: What's wrong?
  - A: .....
  - B: ..... You really ......
  - A: ..... Thanks.
  - B: I hope you feel better.

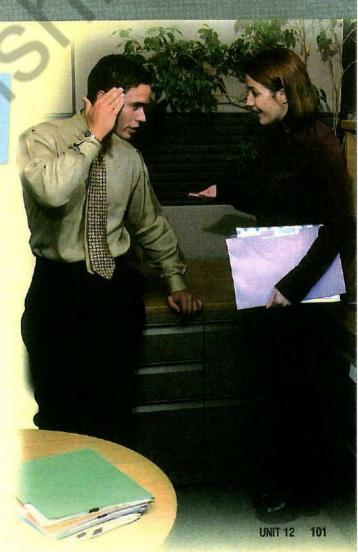
#### DON'T STOP!

Give other advice, using should or shouldn't.

ldeas

- ✓ go to bed ✓ take a nap
  - d X go to class

    p X exercise
- 4 CHANGE PARTNERS Discuss other ailments.



## **EXTENSION**

1 P4:55 READING Look at the photos and read the descriptions. Do you know these famous people?

# Johnny Depp

John Christopher Depp is an actor from the U.S., famous as "Johnny Depp." Depp's father was an engineer, and his mother worked in a restaurant. Before he was an actor, he was a rock musician. On a trip to Los Angeles, he met the actor Nicholas Cage. Cage gave Depp some advice: he should be an actor. Today, Depp is famous around the world for his movies.

He changes his style a lot for different movie parts. Sometimes his hair is short. Sometimes he wears glasses and has long hair. And sometimes he doesn't shave and has a mustache and a beard. Many people think he is very handsome—and a very

good actor. Depp has two children, Lily-Rose and Jack.

il Collins



Philip (Phil) David Charles Collins is a singer, actor, and author from England. His father was an insurance agent. As a child, Phil Collins loved playing on his toy drum kit. In the 1960s, he started his career as a young actor. In 1970, he joined a band called Genesis and began focusing only on his music. Today, Phil Collins is a star and he is famous all over the world as a singer.

When Phil was young, he had long brown hair. Later, he changed his hair style to short. But his fans think he is handsome in any style.

2 READING COMPREHENSION Answer the questions. Write the person.

Depp's father Johnny Depp Depp's mother Depp's children

Phil Collins Phil's father Nicholas Cage

- 1 Who acts in movies?....
- 2 Who is a grandmother? ...... 5 Who gave good advice? ......
- 3 Who is from England?.....
- 4 Who was an insurance agent?.....
- 6 Who was an engineer?.....
- 3 PAIR WORK Partner A describes Phil in his two pictures. Partner B describes Johnny Depp in his two pictures. Which pictures do you like?

I like Phil in the first picture. He has...



4 DISCUSSION What kind of hair is good-looking for women? What kind of hair is good-looking for men?

> 44 I like short, wavy hair on men.



GROUP WORK Describe someone in your class. Your classmates guess who it is.

She's short and very good-looking. She has long hair and brown eyes. She's wearing a white blouse and a blue skirt. \*\*7

GRAMMAR BOOSTER Unit 12 review . p. 143



### **COMMUNICATION GOALS**

- 1 Discuss your abilities.
- 2 Politely decline an invitation.
- 3 Ask for and agree to do a favor.



# **Abilities and Requests**





**MAL** Discuss your abilities

5:02 VOCABULARY • Abilities Read and listen. Then listen again and repeat.







2 swim



3 play the quitar / the violin



**VOCABULARY BOOSTER** 

4 ski



5 cook



6 sew



7 knit





9 paint



10 drive



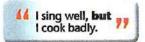
11 fix things



**VOCABULARY PRACTICE** Write three things you do well and three things you do badly.

1 I sing well. 1 I cook badly. 2 3

PAIR WORK Tell your partner about your abilities. Use your sentences from Vocabulary Practice with and and but.



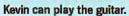
44 I draw well, and I paint well, too. 77

- GROUP WORK Tell your class about some of your partner's abilities.
  - Alex sings well, but he cooks badly. He plays the guitar, and he plays the violin, too.

5 GRAMMAR . Can and can't for ability

To talk about ability, use can or can't and the base form of a verb.







Josie can't cook

Questions
Can you play the guitar?
Can he speak English?

Short answers Yes, I can. / No, I can't. Yes, he can. / No, he can't.

Use <u>can</u> or <u>can't</u> with <u>well</u> to indicate degree of ability. He can play the guitar, but he can't play well.

can't = can not = cannot

6 (	GRAMMAR PRACTICE	Complete each conversation with can or can't and the base form of a verb.
-----	------------------	---

1	A:	you the guitar?
	B:	Yes, I But I don't play well.
2	A:	Gwen well?
	B:	Yes, she She swims very well

MORE

4	A:	Gloria English well?
	B:	No, she She needs this class.
5	A:	your mother?
	B:	Yes. She knits very well.
6	A:	your sisters?
	B:	Yes. They go skiing every weekend.

### NOW YOU CAN

### Discuss your abilities

- 1 5:04 CONVERSATION MODEL Read and listen.
  - A: Can you draw?
  - B: Actually, yes, I can. Can you?
  - A: No, I can't.
  - B: Really? That's too bad.

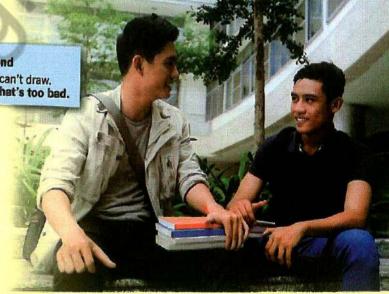
5:06 Ways to respond

A: I can draw.
B: That's great! A: I can't draw.
B: That's too bad.

- 2 S:05 RHYTHM AND INTONATION Listen again and repeat. Then practice the Conversation Model with a partner.
- 3 CONVERSATION ACTIVATOR With a partner, personalize the conversation. Discuss your abilities. Then change roles.
  - A: Can you .....?
  - B: Actually, ....... Can you?
  - A: ......
  - B: Really? That's ......

DON'T STOP!

Ask more questions. Say more about your abilities.



4 CHANGE PARTNERS Discuss other abilities.



#### RECYCLE THIS LANGUAGE.

What do you [draw]? How often do you [ski]? Where do you [sing]? I draw [people]. I ski [every weekend]. I sing [in the shower].

UNIT 13 105



1 • 5:07 VOCABULARY • Reasons for not doing something Read and listen. Then listen again and repeat.



1 She's busy.



2 They're not hungry.



3 She's full.



4 He's tired.



5 It's early.



6 It's late.

2 PAIR WORK Tell your partner about a time you were busy, tired, or full.

Last week, I worked late every day. I was so tired.



3 GRAMMAR • Too + adjective

Too makes an adjective stronger. It usually gives it a negative meaning.

I'm too busy. I can't talk right now.

I'm too tired. Let's not go to the movies.

It's too late. I should go to bed.

Be careful!

Don't use too with a positive adjective.

She's so pretty! NOT She's too pretty!

4 GRAMMAR PRACTICE Complete each sentence. Use too and an adjective.



1 I don't want these shoes. They're .....



2 It's ..... today. He can't go swimming.



3 I'm ...... I can't read right now.



4 He doesn't want that shirt. It's .....



5 I can't talk right now.



6 It's ..... for a movie. We should go to bed.

MORE

### NOW YOU CAN Politely decline an invitation

- 1 ▶ 5:08 CONVERSATION MODEL Read and listen.
  - A: Hey, Sue. Let's go to a movie.
  - B: I'm really sorry, Paul, but I'm too busy.
  - A: That's OK. Maybe some other time.
- 2 5:09 RHYTHM AND INTONATION Listen again and repeat. Then practice the Conversation Model with a partner.
- INDEO 3 CONVERSATION ACTIVATOR With a partner, change the conversation. Suggest a different activity. Use the Vocabulary and the photos (or your own ideas). Then change roles.
  - A: Hey, ...... Let's go .......
  - B: I'm really sorry, ......, but .......
  - A: That's OK. Maybe some other time.

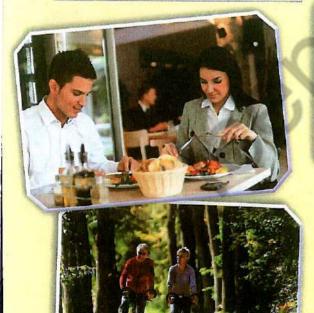
### DON'T STOP!

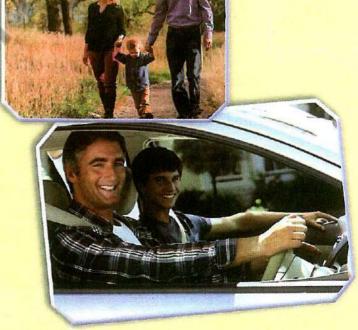
Suggest another day or time.



#### RECYCLE THIS LANGUAGE.

How about [tomorrow / this weekend / this evening / at 6:00]? Sounds great! / OK! I'm not hungry. I'm too [tired / busy / full]. It's too [early / late]. It's too [windy / hot / cold / rainy] today.





CHANGE PARTNERS Suggest other activities and give other reasons.



### 1 GRAMMAR • Polite requests with Could you + base form

Use <u>Could you</u> and the base form of a verb to make a request. Could you wash the dishes?

Use <u>please</u> to make a request more polite. Could you please wash the dishes?

FLASH

2 5:10 VOCABULARY • Favors Read and listen. Then listen again and repeat.

1 Could you please help me?



2 Could you please open the window?



Also: open the door / refrigerator

3 Could you please close the door?



Also: close the window / microwave

4 Could you please turn on the light?



Also: turn on the stove /computer

5 Could you please turn off the TV?



Also: turn off the microwave / light

6 Could you please hand me my glasses?



Also: hand me my sweater / book

3 VOCABULARY / GRAMMAR PRACTICE Complete the polite requests. Use <u>Could you please</u>. Use the Vocabulary and other verbs you know.

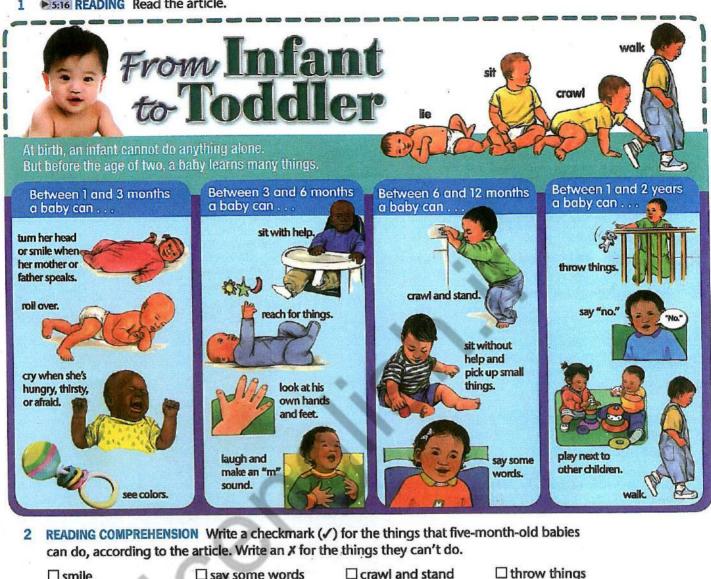
a verse year interior	se the vocabulary and	US
uld you please open the window?	It's a little hot in here.	1
the TV?	I have a headache	
my jacket? I'm going for a walk.	Thave a headache	3
the computer?	I'm going to bed	4
my glasses?	I want to read a book	5
shopping? We need milk.		6
the garbage?	I'm busy right now	7
the TV?	Let's watch a movie.	8



4	▶5:11 LISTENING COMPREHENSION Listen to the conversations. Then complete each request.		
	1 Could you close the window , please?		
	2 Could you?		
	3 Could you please?		
	4 Could you please?		
	5 Could you?		
DEO 5	■ S:12 PRONUNCIATION • Blending of sounds: <u>Could you</u> Read and listen. Then listen again and repeat.		
	/ˈkʊdʒu/		
	1 Could you please open the window?		
	2 Could you please close the door?		
6	<b>VOCABULARY / PRONUNCIATION PRACTICE</b> Look again at the Vocabulary. With a partner, take turns reading the requests aloud. Pay attention to blending of sounds in <u>Could you</u> .		
	reading the requests aloud. Pay attention to blending of sounds in <u>Could you</u> .		
un	IN VOIL CAN		
ווע	W YOU CAN Ask for and agree to do a favor	Anne	VIII I
1	► 5:13 CONVERSATION MODEL Read and listen.	E VY	
		-	
	B: Of course. to a request		
	A: It's very cold. Could you please Close the window?  Sure. No problem.		
	Of course.		
	B: Sure. No problem.  My pleasure.  OK.		
2	► 5:14 RHYTHM AND INTONATION Listen again		
	and repeat. Then practice the Conversation		
	Model with a partner.		
3	CONVERSATION ACTIVATOR With a partner, change		
	the conversation. Ask for a different favor. Then		
	change roles.		
	A: Could you do me a favor?  B:		
	A: Could you please?		
	B: DON'T STOP!		
	Ask for more favors:		
	Could you please, too?		
	G STANDER WELL AND MAKE THE STANDARD OF THE ST		
	RECYCLE THIS LANGUAGE.		
	It's very [hot / windy]. I'm so [tired / hungry]. I'm making lunch. I'm very busy right now.		
	I'm going to bed.		
4	CHANGE PARTNERS Ask for other favors. Ideas for favors turn on the   help me		
	turn off the do the laundry open the make dinner		
	close the take out the garbage		
	hand me my wash the dishes clean the house		
		UNIT 13	109
		OMI 13	100

## **EXTENSION**

1 >5:16 READING Read the article.



☐ crawl and stand ☐ say some words ☐ smile pick up small things walk reach for things ☐ sit without help ☐ roll over □ laugh ☐ see colors

**ACTIVATE GRAMMAR** Use the grammar. Complete the sentences about what a baby cannot do.

At one month, a baby can't crawl. 1 At two months, 2 At five months, 3 At eleven months, 4 At sixteen months,

**GROUP WORK** Discuss things children can and can't do at other ages.

At three, a child can't ride a bicycle. But at eight, a child can do some household chores. 77 GRAMMAR BOOSTER Unit 13 review . p. 144



### **COMMUNICATION GOALS**

- 1 Get to know someone's life story.
- 2 Discuss plans.
- 3 Share your dreams for the future.



## **Life Events and Plans**





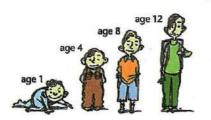
Get to know someone's life story



1 DISTIP VOCABULARY • Some life events Read and listen. Then listen again and repeat.



1 be born



2 grow up



3 go to school



4 move



5 study



6 graduate



2 5:20 PRONUNCIATION • Diphthongs Listen and repeat.

1 /aɪ/	2 /au/	3 /21/
my	how	boy
ı	noun	oil
tie	town	boil

- 3 PRONUNCIATION PRACTICE Look at the Vocabulary pictures. Ask and answer the questions out loud with a partner. Use the correct pronunciation of the diphthongs.
  - 1 What's the boy's first name?
  - 2 What's his last name?
  - 3 What school did he go to?
  - 4 What university did he graduate from?
- 4 S:21 LISTENING COMPREHENSION Listen to the conversation about Graciela Boyd's life story. Which statement about Graciela's life is true?
  - ☐ She was born in Boston and lives there now.
- ☐ She was born in London and lives in Boston now.
- ☐ She was born in Costa Rica and lives in Boston now.
- 5 Distance again. Circle the correct word or words to complete each statement. If necessary, listen again.
  - 1 Graciela's mother is from (Costa Rica / Boston).
- 4 Graciela's mother is a/an (Spanish / English) teacher.
- 2 Graciela was born in (Costa Rica / London).
- 5 Graciela grew up in (London / Boston).
- 3 Her father is (American / British).
- 6 In May, Graciela is graduating from (the university / medical school).
- 6 PAIR WORK Use the questions to interview your partner. Then tell the class about your partner.
  - 1 When and where were you born? What about other people in your family?
    - 2 Where did you grow up? What about other people in your family?
- 112 UNIT 14

FLASH 7 VOCABULARY • Academic subjects Read and listen.

Then listen again and repeat.

**VOCABULARY BOOSTER** 

More academic subjects . p. 134



1 law



2 medicine



3 psychology



6 engineering



7 mathematics / math



4 business



8 information technology



9 nursing



10 architecture

## NOW YOU CAN

Get to know someone's life story

- 1 5:24 CONVERSATION MODEL Read and listen.
  - A: Where were you born?
  - B: Here. In Houston.
  - A: And did you grow up here?
  - B: Yes, I did. And you?
  - A: I was born in Lima.
  - B: Did you grow up there?
  - A: Actually, no. I grew up in New York.
- 2 5:25 RHYTHM AND INTONATION Listen again and repeat. Then practice the Conversation Model with a partner.
- 3 CONVERSATION ACTIVATOR With a partner, personalize the conversation with real information.

A: Where were you born?

B: .....

A: And did you grow up .....?

B: ..... And you?

A: I was born in ......

B: Did you grow up .....?

A: ......

4 CHANGE PARTNERS Get to know another classmate's life story.



Ask and answer more questions.



#### RECYCLE THIS LANGUAGE.

What do you do? What are you studying? [or What did you study?] Did you graduate? How often did you move?

UNIT 14 113

1 5:26 VOCABULARY • More leisure activities Read and listen. Then listen again and repeat.

**VOCABULARY BOOSTER** 

More leisure activities • p. 134









1 travel

2 go camping

3 go fishing

4 relax









5 hang out with friends

6 sleep late

7 do nothing

### check e-mail exercise

Also remember:

go out for dinner go running go to the beach go to the movies listen to music paint play soccer read take a nap visit friends

2 5:27 LISTENING COMPREHENSION Listen to the phone calls. Complete each sentence with the present continuous form of one of the words or phrases from the Vocabulary.

1	Charlie is doing nothing
	Rachel's
3	They're on Saturday.
	Barbara's
5	Harvey's family is

GRAMMAR • Be going to + base form

#### Use be going to + base form to express future plans.

I'm		I'm
You're He's She's We're They're	going to relax this weekend.	You're He's She's We're They're

Contractions

is not going / 's not going / isn't going are not going / 're not going / aren't going

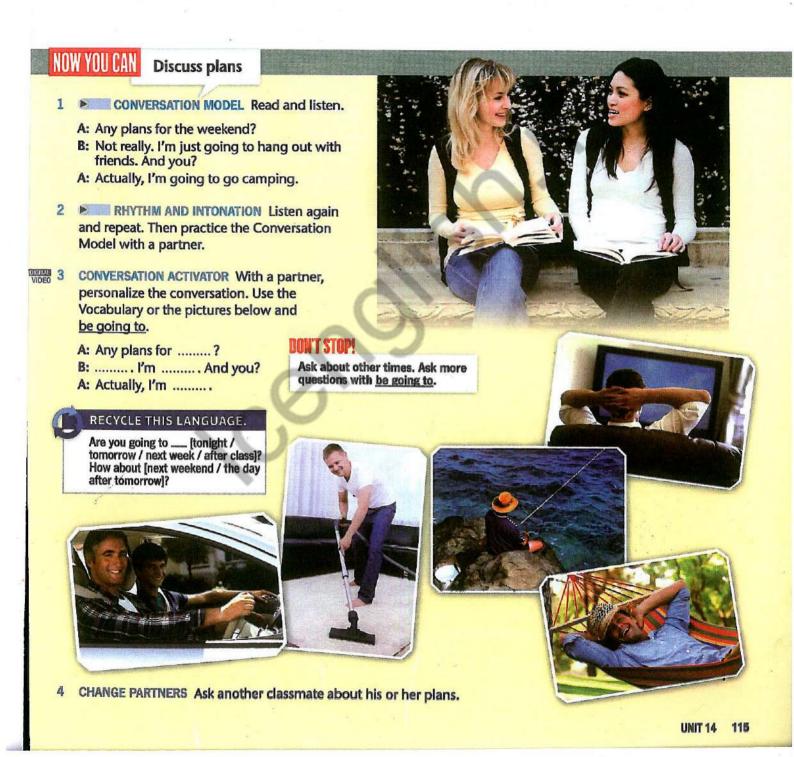
not going to go camping this weekend.

### Yes / no questions

Are you going to sleep late tomorrow? Is she going to travel to Europe? Are we going to be on time?

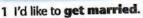
Yes, I am. / No, I'm not. Yes, she is. / No, she isn't. Yes, we are. / No, we aren't.

4	GRAMMAR PRACTICE Write sentences about future plans with be going to.
	1 you / eat in a restaurant / this weekend? Are you going to eat in a restaurant this weekend?
	2 They / go to the movies / tonight.
	3 I/ hang out with my parents / at the beach.
	4 he / relax / tomorrow?
	5 she / go fishing / with you?
	6 we / exercise / on Saturday?
	7 they / move?
	8 Jeff and Joan / study / architecture.
MORE KERCISES	9 She / graduate / in May
- 19	



1 Some dreams for the future Read and listen. Then listen again and repeat.







2 I'd like to have children.



3 I'd like to retire.





4 I'd like to change careers.



5 I'd like to travel.



6 I'd like to make a lot of money.



7 I'd like to give money to charity.



8 I'd like to live a long life.

2	S 5:21 LISTENING COMPREHENSION Listen	nd complete each sentence with the Vocabulary.
6m	1 She'd like toget married	5 She'd like to
	2 He'd like to	6 She'd like to
	3 She'd like to	7 He'd like to
	4 He'd like to	8 She'd like to
3	ACTIVATE VOCABULARY Complete the sui	ey by checking the boxes for your dreams for the future.
	In the next two years, I'd lil	e to
	get married	udy a new language
	□ graduate □	rite a book

ACTIVATE VOCABULARY Complete	the survey by checking the boxes for your	ureants for the ruture.
In the next two years, l	l'd like to	
get married	study a new language	☐ change careers
☐ graduate	write a book	retire
☐ travel	make a lot of money	paint my living room
☐ have children	give money to charity	☐ buy a new refrigerator
move to a new country	learn to play a musical instrument	OTHER Id like to
move to a new city	get a new car	
move to a new apartment or a new house	meet a famous person	

4	VOCABULARY PRACTICE On the notepad, write three of your dreams from
	the survey on page 116.

1a like to mov	e to a new city.	<del></del>
N 41		

5 PAIR WORK Compare surveys with a partner. Ask and answer questions.

I'd like to write a book. What about you?

44 Me? I'd like to change careers! 77

## NOW YOU CAN Share your dreams for the future

- 5:32 CONVERSATION MODEL Read and listen.
  - A: So what are your dreams for the future?
  - B: Well, I'd like to get married and have children. What about you?
  - A: Me? Actually, I'd like to study art.
  - B: Really? That's great.
- 5:33 RHYTHM AND INTONATION Listen again and repeat. Then practice the Conversation Model with a partner.
- 3 CONVERSATION ACTIVATOR With a partner, personalize the conversation. Use the Vocabulary from page 116 and real information.
  - A: So what are your dreams for the future?
  - B: Well, I'd like to ...... What about you?
  - A: Me? Actually, I'd like to .......
  - B: Really? That's great.

DON'T STOP!

Talk about other plans.

#### RECYCLE THIS LANGUAGE.

Really? No kidding! Sounds nice. / Sounds good.

4 CHANGE PARTNERS Ask another classmate what he or she would like to do.



one sister.

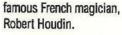
▶ 5:34 READING Read about Harry Houdini, a famous escape artist.

# The Amazing

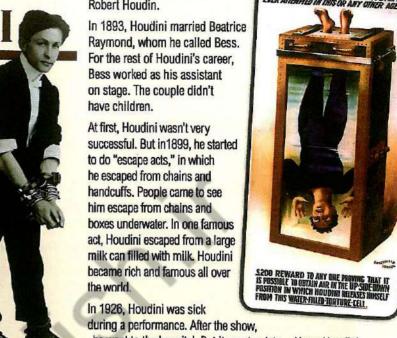
Harry Houdini was born Ehrich Weisz in Budapest, Hungary, on March 24, 1874. He came from a large family. He had six siblings—five brothers and

At the age of four, Ehrich moved with his family to the United States, first to Appleton, Wisconsin, and then later to New York City.

The family was poor, and young Ehrich didn't get an education and never graduated from school. Instead, he worked to help the family. Ehrich and his brother Theo were interested in magic, and at the age of seventeen, Ehrich began his career as a magician. He changed his name to Houdini, after the name of a



he went to the hospital. But it was too late-Harry Houdini died at the young age of 52.



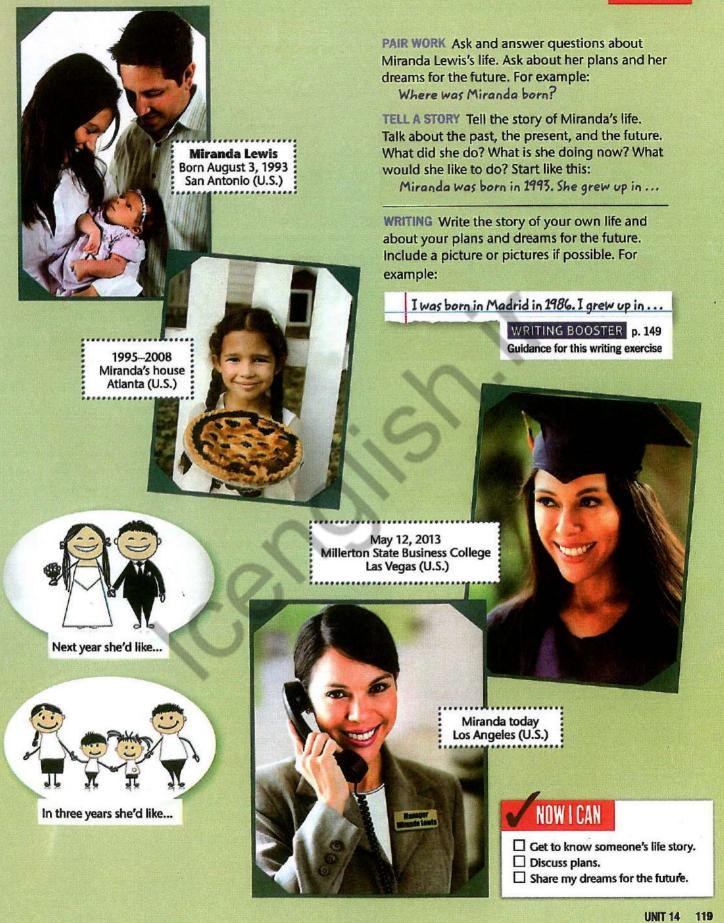
2	READING COMPREHENSION	Answer the questions in complete sentences.
---	-----------------------	---

- 1 What was Houdini's original name?.....
- 2 Where was he born?.....
- 3 When did his family move?..... 4 Where did they move? .....
- 5 Did Houdini graduate from a university? .....
- 6 Did Houdini get married?
- 7 What was his wife's name?....
- 8 Did the Houdinis have children?....
- 9 When did Houdini die?....
- 10 Challenge: Do you want to know more about Houdini? Write three information questions about Houdini. Example:

Why did Houdini's family move to the United States?

PAIR WORK Tell your partner your life story. Ask your partner questions about his or her story.

118 UNIT 14 GRAMMAR BOOSTER Unit 14 review . p. 145



# Units 8–14 REVIEW

- 1 > 5:37 LISTENING COMPREHENSION Listen to the conversations. Check the picture that answers each question.
  - 1 Where does he live?





2 Where does he work?



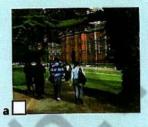


3 Where does she work?





4 Where does she teach?





5 Where does she work?



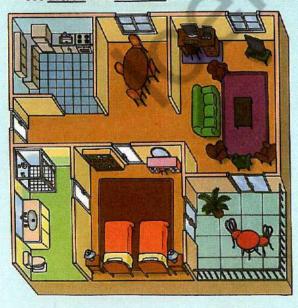


6 Where does his daughter work?





2 VOCABULARY / GRAMMAR PRACTICE Complete the e-mail about Anna's new apartment. Use there's and there are and the names of furniture and appliances.



000	My new apartment!	
Hey, Mel: I h	nave this great furnished apartment. It has everything!	
The	has a nice big stove and four	
	ing room with a and four	
Next to the d	lining room a large living roo	m
	And four chairs:	
	out with my friends and watching	
	ffice, but there's a in the	
Same and the same	And I love the bedroom. It has a fo	r
( ) <del>( )</del>	s. There are two and two blue	1
next to the be	bedroom, with a little and two	
**********		rfect.
	a shower but no	.

3 GRAMMAR PRACTICE Write questions about home and work. Use What, Where, Is there, and Are there. Answer the questions with true information.

Your questions	Your answers
1 Is there a closet in your bedroom?	1 Yes, there is.
2	2
3	3
4	4
5	
6	6

4	<b>GRAMMAR PRACTICE</b>	Complete the conversations with the correct forms of	the verbs
---	-------------------------	--	-----------

1	A:	Where	Jill	l	last weekend?

- B: I'm not sure. I know she ..... to go want camping.
- A: Maybe she ...... camping, then.
- 2 A: Are you going to go to the beach today?
  - B: No way. We ..... there yesterday.
  - We ..... an awful time. A: Why? What ...... wrong?
  - B: The water ..... really dirty, so I
    - not go swimming.

- 3 A: Where ...... you this morning?

  - B: Me? I ...... running.

    go
    A: Did Sheri ..... with you?
  - B: No. She ..... to class.
- 4 A: ..... you ...... yesterday?
  - B: No, I ...... Yesterday I ..... sick.
    - A: I'm sorry...... you ...... a fever?
    - B: Yes, I ......

**CONVERSATION PRACTICE** Use the questions you wrote in Grammar Practice 3. Exchange real information about where you live and work. Start like this:



- the location of your home, school, and workplace
- the places in your neighborhood
- · the description of your home



6	GRAMMAR PRACTICE Complete the telephone conversations with the present
	continuous or the simple present tense.

1	A:	Hello?	
	B:	Hi, Sid. Ann	you / sleep
	A:	No, I'm not	breakfast.
	B:	vou / us	ually / make breakfast?
	A:	Actually,	1 / not cook
		But	Gwen / study for a test.
2	A:	Hello?	
	B:	Hi, Bonnie	
			anything from the store?
	A	: Actually, yes	a salad for
		dinner and	
	B		They / sell those
		beautiful tomat	toes from Mexico right now.
	A	: Greatl	1/ like tomatoes.

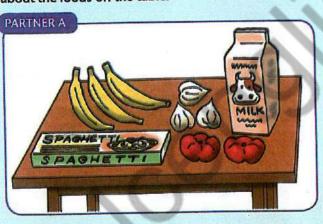
10?
Liz. Where are you?
I / drive right now. Can I you back?
e my office you have
mber? today.
llo?
Stan. What timeyou / get up Saturdays?
you / ask only Thursday!
cause her drivin
at at 8:30, anda ride to
e test.

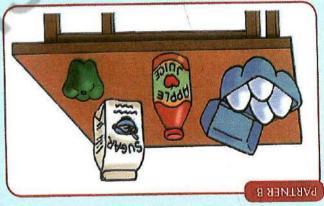
2 A. Hello?

Are there any

apples on your table?

PAIR WORK Partner A: Look at your picture. Partner B: Turn your book and look at your picture. Ask questions about the foods on the table.





44 No, there aren't. 77

GRAMMAR PRACTICE Write questions to complete each conversation. 6 A: .....? 1 A: .....? B: No, I can't. I sing very badly. B: I usually eat lunch at the office. 7 A: .....? 2 A: .....? B: No. I'm not going to graduate this year. B: Dana and Eric? They went to Colorado. 8 A: .....? 3 A: .....? B: She broke her leg. B: Milk? We need two large containers. 9 A: .....? 4 A: .....? B: Oh, that's Will Smith, the actor. B: Sally teaches math. 10 A: .....? 5 A: .....? B: Yes. My parents can speak Arabic, but I can't. B: Madhur was born in India.

**UNITS 8-14 REVIEW** 

9 • 5:38 LISTENING COMPREHENSION Listen to the conversations. Check Past, Present, or Future. Then listen again and check your work.

indizati d	Past	Present	Future
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			

10 VOCABULARY / GRAMMAR PRACTICE Express sympathy to each person. Make suggestions with

should a	nd <u>shouldn't</u> .	
1	I have a terrible headache.  YOU I'm so sorry You should take something	My husband is making lunch and he burned his hand!
3	My brother and I have stomachaches. I think we ate something bad.  You  You	My wife has a terrible backache!  Show
5	I didn't sleep last night. I feel terrible!  You  You	My son has an earache and a fever. He's only eighteen months old. He
7	My grandfather fell down and broke his arm!	

11 CONVERSATION PRACTICE Discuss relatives and friends. Start like this:

### Ideas

- Appearance Studies Abilities

- Life events Dreams for the future

Tell me about your mother. Where was she born?



And your [father]? Really? No kidding.



**UNITS 8-14 REVIEW** 

# **Reference Charts**

### COUNTRIES AND NATIONALITIES

Argentina Australia Belgium Bolivia Brazil Canada Chile China Colombia Costa Rica Ecuador Egypt El Salvador France	Argentinean / Argentine Australian Belgian Bolivian Brazilian Canadian Chilean Chinese Colombian Costa Rican Ecuadorian Egyptian Salvadorean French	Guatemala Holland Honduras Hungary India Indonesia Ireland Italy Japan Korea Lebanon Malaysia Mexico Nicaragua	Guatemalan Dutch Honduran Hungarian Indian Indonesian Irish Italian Japanese Korean Lebanese Malaysian Mexican Nicaraguan	Peru Poland Portugal Russia Saudi Arabia Spain Sweden Switzerland Taiwan Thailand Turkey the United Kingdom the United States Uruguay	Peruvian Polish Portuguese Russian Saudi / Saudi Arabian Spanish Swedish Swiss Chinese Thai Turkish British American Uruguayan
France Germany Greece	French German Greek	Nicaragua Panama Paraguay	Panamanian Paraguayan	Venezuela Vietnam	Venezuelan Vietnamese

### NUMBERS 100 TO 1,000,000,000

	one hundred		one thousand	10,000	ten thousand one hundred thousand	1,000,000 1,000,000,000	
500	five hundred	5,000	five thousand	100,000	One nundred diousand	.,,	

### **IRREGULAR VERBS**

This is an alphabetical list of all irregular verbs in the Top Notch Fundamentals units.

base form	simple past	base form	simple past	base form	simple past
bee break bring buy choose come cut do draw drink drive eat fall feel find	was / were broke brought bought chose came cut did drew drank drove ate fell felt found	get give go grow hang out have hear hurt lie make meet put read ride	got gave went grew hung out had heard hurt lay made met put read rode	say see sing sit sleep stand swim take teach tell think throw wear write	said saw sang sat slept stood swam took taught told thought threw wore wrote

nese are	the pronunciation sym Vowe	is	iii iop i iolar ranaa.		Consona	ants	
Symbol i I eI e e e o o u A	Key Words feed did date, table bed, neck bad, hand box, father wash comb, post book, good boot, food, student but, mother		Key Words banana, around shirt, birthday cry, eye about, how boy here, near chair guitar, are door, chore tour	Symbol  p b t d k g f v θ ŏ s z	Key Words  park, happy back, cabbage tie die came, kitchen, quarter game, go chicken, watch jacket, orange face, photographer vacation thing, math then, that city, psychology please, goes	\$ymbol \$\frac{t}{t'} \int \$\frac{t}{t'} \int \$\frac{3}{h} \\ m \\ n \\ \frac{1}{v} \\ y \end{align*}	key Words butter, bottle button she, station, special, discussio leisure hot, who men sun, know sung, singer week, white light, long rain, writer yes, use, music

# TOP NOTGH

FUNDAMENTALS

**Vocabulary Booster** 

#### **▶ 5:47 MORE HOME AND OFFICE VOCABULARY**



1 a roof a fence 3 a driveway



4 an intercom



5 a doorbell



6 a fire escape



7 a pillow 8 a sheet 9 a blanket



10 a shower curtain 11 a bath mat





13 towels



14 a medicine cabinet



15 toothpaste 16 a toothbrush



17 a burner 18 an oven



19 a dishwasher



20 a coffee maker



21 a ladle 22 a pot



23 a food processor



24 a napkin 25 a place mat 26 a glass



a knife

a tablespoon / a soup spoon

27 a fork 28 a knife



31 a plate 32 a bowl

33 a cup 34 a saucer



35 a filing cabinet



36 a fax machine

30 a teaspoon Write five statements. Use the Vocabulary. For example:

My apartment has a fire escape. I have blue plates and bowls in my cabinets.

#### **● 5:48 MORE WEATHER VOCABULARY**



1 a thunderstorm



2 a snowstorm



3 a hurricane



4 a tornado

▶ 5:49 THE FOUR SEASONS



1 spring



2 summer



3 fall / autumn



4 winter

Write four statements about the weather and seasons pictures. For example: It's not raining.



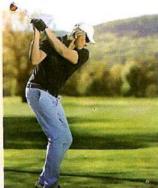
#### **▶**5:52 MORE OUTDOOR ACTIVITIES



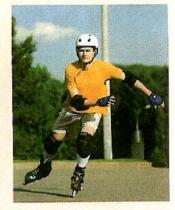
1 go horseback riding



2 go sailing



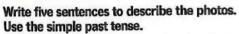
3 play golf



4 go rollerblading



5 go snorkeling



For example: She went horseback riding.



6 go rock climbing



7 go ice skating



8 go windsurfing

#### **UNIT 12**

#### 5:53 MORE PARTS OF THE BODY



- forehead cheek
- lip
- earlobe



5 tongue

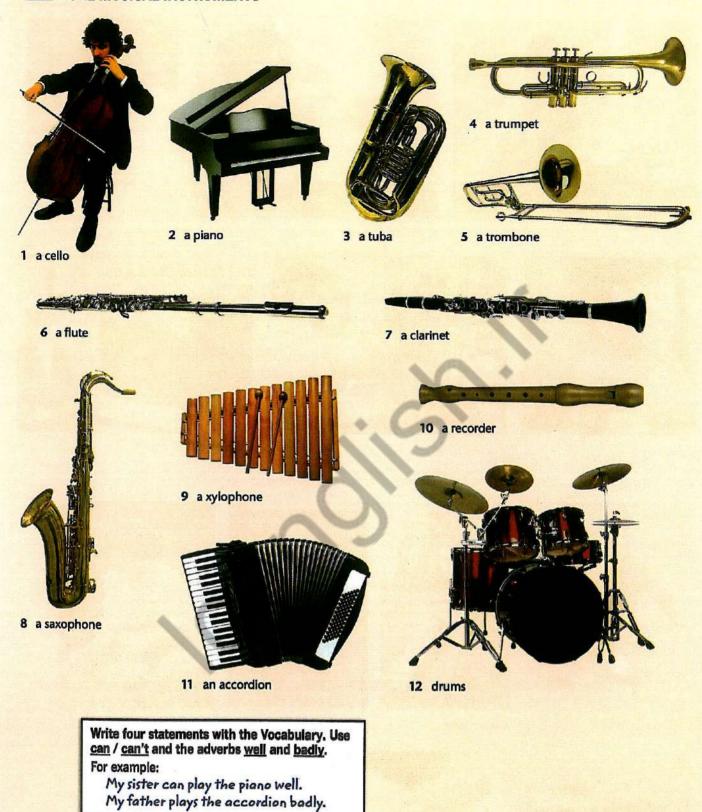


elbow

Describe one of the people. Write three statements. Use the Vocabulary from Unit 12.

For example: She has straight brown hair.

#### **№ 5:54 MORE MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS**



#### **▶ 5:55** MORE ACADEMIC SUBJECTS

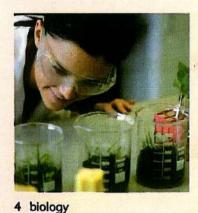




1 art

2 drama

3 science



5 chemistry

The Mayan Civilization

6 history

#### **S:56 MORE LEISURE ACTIVITIES**



1 go skiing



2 go hiking



3 play



4 garden



5 go on a cruise

34 VOCABULARY BOOSTER



6 get a manicure

Write four statements, using <u>I'd like to</u> or <u>be going to</u> and the Unit 14 Vocabulary. Include time expressions.

#### For example:

I'd like to study fine art in the future. I'm not going to go on a cruise this year.

# TOP NOTCH

FUNDAMENTALS

**Grammar Booster** 

1	Write questions with Where. Use a question mark (?).
	1 your grandparents / live . Where do your grandparents live?
	2 John's friend / go shopping
	3 her brother / study English
	4 you / eat breakfast
	5. they / listen to music
	6 Rob and Nancy / exercise
	7 his mother / work
	8 your brother / do the laundry
2	Complete the statements with <u>in</u> , <u>on</u> , <u>at</u> , or <u>to</u> .
	1 His house ison Barker Street.
	2 They work the tenth floor.
	3 Ms. Cruz takes the train work.
	4 It's
	5 Jack studies French the BTI Institute.
	6 Mr. Klein works the hospital.
	7 Ms. Anderson's office is the fifth floor.
	8 Jason's sister works 5 Main Street.
3	Complete each sentence with <u>There's</u> or <u>There are</u> .
	1 .There's a movie at noon.
	2 a concert at 2:00 and a game at 3:00.
	3 a bank on the corner of Main and 12th Street.
	4 two apartment buildings across the street.
	5 bookstores nearby.
	6 a pharmacy and a newsstand around the corner.
	7 two dressers in the bedroom.
	8 three elevators in the Smith Building.
4	Write questions with Is there or Are there. Use a question mark (?).
	1 a party / this weekend Is there a party this weekend?
	2 three meetings / this week
	3 a bank / nearby
	4 how many / games / this afternoon
	5 how many / pharmacies / on 3 <sup>rd</sup> Avenue
	6 how many / parties / this month

1	Write the present participle of the following ba	se forms.
	1 rain raining	15 come
	2 snow	16 wear
	3 watch	17 shop
	4 eat	18 go
	5 take	19 study
	6 drive	20 listen
	7 check	21 wash
	8 make	22 play
	9 do	23 read
	10 exercise	24 clean
	11 shave	25 work
	12 put	26 write
	13 comb	27 talk
	14 brush	28 buy
_		
2	Check (✓) the sentences that indicate a future	plan.
	1 On Tuesday I'm working at home.	
	2 I'm watching TV right now.	
	☐ 3 Is Marina taking a shower?	10.
	4 Where is she going tomorrow night?	
	5 Jen's eating dinner.	
	☐ 6 I'm driving to the mall this afternoon.	+ (4)
	7 I'm studying Arabic this year. My teache	er is very good.
	8 Who's making dinner on Saturday?	
3	Complete each conversation with the present	continuous.
	1 A: What are you doing ?	
	what / you / do	
	B: m	y hair.
	2 A:	
	B: to	the bookstore.
	she / go	
	3 A: th	e bus?
	B: Becauseît/rain	
	6. () - 2. 개 () 는 7. () - 2. ( - 2. ( ) - 2. ( ) - 2. ( ) - 12. (	
	4 A: wire / leaft at	home tonight?
	B: Nowe/go	
	사람들이 있는데 보이다. 이 사람 이 보는 것이 없네 그래 생각이 나를 받아 다 그리고 아	
	5 A: Maya / wear a	dress to the party?
	B: Noshe / not wear	she / wear

1 Complete each question with <u>How much</u> or <u>How many</u>.

1	How much sugar do you want in your coffee?
2	onions do you need for the potato pancakes?
3	cans of coffee are there on the shelf?
	meat do you eat every day?
5	loaves of bread do we need for dinner?
6	pepper would you like in your chicken salad?
7	bottles of oil does she need from the store?
	eggs do you eat every week?
	oranges are there? I want to make orange juice.
	pasta would you like?

2 Choose the correct word or phrase to complete each statement. Circle the letter.

ı	1 Er	nglish every day.	5	This store	beautiful clothes.
		(b) study		a is having	b has
2	We usually	the bus to work.	6	On Wednesdays I	dinner for my parents
	a are taking	b take		a am cooking	b cook
3	Annemarie	the kitchen now.	7	They never	coffee.
	a is cleaning	b cleans		a are drinking	b drink
4	He really	lemonade.	8	Our children	
	a is liking	b likes		a are watching	b don't watch

#### UNIT 11

1 Complete the conversations with the past tense of <u>be</u>.

1	A: Wherewere Paul and Jackie last night?
	B: I don't know, but they here.
2	A: she at school yesterday?
	B: No. She at home.
3	A: When you in Italy? Last year?
	B: Last year? No, we in Italy last year.
	We there in 2012.
4	A: What time the movie?
	B: It at 7:00.
5	A: your parents at home at 10:00 last night
	B: No. They at a play.
6	A: Who at work on Monday?
	B: Barry and Anne But I

E	Begin each answer with a capital	letter. End with a period (.).	
	1 Did you	. to work yesterday?	
	YOU		
100	2 What time you	dinner?	
	YOU		
100	3 What you	eat	
	YOU		
8	4 Who breakfast	with you?	
	eat		
	YOU		
	5 What you	this week?	
	YOU		
١	NIT 12		
1	Write (a) a sentence with he and	(b) a sentence with have. Use a period (.)	A supplied to the
	1 Kate / hair / long / straight	Katalahainialana and atraialat	
	i Kate / nair / iong / straight	Kata has long straight hair	
	2 George / short / black / hair	a	
		ь	
	3 Harry / long / curly / hair	a	
		b	
	4 Mary / eyes / blue	a	
		b	
	5 Adam / beard / gray	a	
		b	
	6 Amy / pretty / eyes	a	
		b	
		<b>图(人名)</b> 中央企業等等的企工。	
	Complete each sentence with sh		call
	1 It's your birthday. Yousho		(not) exercise
		ne. You a dentist.	go
		rt. We it.	watch
	4 You have a cold? You		make
	tomato potato soup for dinn	and onions. Weer tonight!	(not) play
		now. You back later.	see
	6 Pam's taking a shower right i		get
		soccer tonight.	Bot

1	Write sentences with the simple present tense and the adverbs <u>well</u> or <u>badly</u> . Begin each sentence with a capital letter. End with a period (.).
	1 my father / sing / really well . My father sings really well.
	2 my mother / cook French food / well
	3 my grandfather / play the guitar / badly
	4 my grandmother / sew clothes / very well
	5 mv sister / knit sweaters / well
	6 my friend / draw pictures / really well
	7 I / play the violin / badly
2	answer with a capital letter. End with a period (.)
	1 Can you play the piano?
	2 Can you ski?
	3 Can your parents sing well?
	4 Can your friends sneak Fnglish?
	5 Can you draw?
	6 Can your father fix things?



3 Complete each sentence. Use too and an adjective.

1 I need a new dress. This dress is too old





3 His shirt is ...... . He needs size small.



4 I don't want that suit. It's ......

5 He needs size medium. This shirt is ......



#### UNIT 14

1 Are your classmates going to study tonight? 2 Are you going to relax this weekend? 3 Are you going to exercise today? 4 Are you going to make dinner tonight? 5 Are you going to move in the next two years? 6 Are you going to check your e-mail today? 7 Are you going to hang out with your friends or family this weekend? 2 Write a question with be going to for each answer. Don't use the verb do. Begin each question with a capital letter. End with a question mark (?). 1 Are you going to go to the movies tonight? 2 Yes. I'm going to go to the movies tonight. 3 Yes. Carla's brother is going to go fishing with her. 4 Yes. I'm going to go to work tomorrow.	1
2 Are you going to relax this weekend? 3 Are you going to exercise today? 4 Are you going to make dinner tonight? 5 Are you going to move in the next two years? 6 Are you going to check your e-mail today? 7 Are you going to hang out with your friends or family this weekend? 2 Write a question with be going to for each answer. Don't use the verb do. Begin each question with a capital letter. End with a question mark (?). 1 Are you going to go to the movies tonight? 2 Yes. I'm going to go to the movies tonight. 3 Yes. They're going to go fishing with her.	
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4 Are you going to make dinner tonight?  5 Are you going to move in the next two years?  6 Are you going to check your e-mail today?  7 Are you going to hang out with your friends or family this weekend?  2 Write a question with be going to for each answer. Don't use the verb do. Begin each question with a capital letter. End with a question mark (?).  1 Are you going to go to the movies tonight?  Yes. I'm going to go to the movies tonight.  Yes. They're going to go fishing with her.	
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<ul> <li>7 Are you going to hang out with your friends or family this weekend?</li> <li>2 Write a question with be going to for each answer. Don't use the verb do. Begin each question with a capital letter. End with a question mark (?).</li> <li>1 Are you going to go to the movies tonight?</li> <li>2 Yes. I'm going to go to the movies tonight.</li> <li>2 Yes. They're going to eat in a restaurant after the concess</li> <li>3 Yes. Carla's brother is going to go fishing with her.</li> </ul>	
a capital letter. End with a question mark (?).  1Are you going to go to the movies tonight?  2	
1 Are you going to go to the movies tonight?  Yes. I'm going to go to the movies tonight.  Yes. They're going to eat in a restaurant after the concess.  Yes. Carla's brother is going to go fishing with her.	2
2	
3	
5 No. He's not going to graduate this year.	
6	

# TOP NOTCH

FUNDAMENTALS

**Writing Booster** 



**Guided Writing Practice** Choose one of the homes in the Reading on page 70. Write the features of that home and your home in the chart.

On a separate sheet of paper, compare the two homes in the chart. Use <u>and</u> and <u>but</u>.

#### Example:

Eduardo's home is an apartment, and I live in
an apartment, too. There's an elevator in his
building, but we don't have an elevator. In his
apartment, there are

	his or her home	my home
Is it a house or apartment?		
How many bedrooms are there?		
How many bathrooms are there?		
Is the kitchen small or large?		
Is there an office?		
Is there a garage or an elevator?		1 1
Is there a garden?		
Is there a view?		
Other features?		ME CHEW

#### UNIT 9

**Guided Writing Practice** Write answers to some or all of the following questions about your plans for the week. Use time expressions.

What are you doing right now?
What are you doing this evening?
What are you doing tomorrow?
Are you doing anything special this weekend?
What are you doing on Saturday and Sunday?

Exa	m	nl	6
LAW		Μ.	•

E	Right now, I'm writing about my plans for the week. This evening, I'm checking e-mail and
	10:

#### UNIT 10

Guided Writing Practice Answer some or all of the questions to help you write what you eat on a typical day. Use frequency adverbs sometimes, usually, and always. Use time expressions every day, once a week, twice a week, etc.

What do you eat for breakfast on weekdays?
What do you eat for breakfast on weekends?
What time do you usually eat your meals?
Do you eat after school or work?
How many times a week (or month) do you go out for dinner?

Example: On weekdays, I usually eat breakfast at 9:00. I always eat bread and eggs, and . . .

-	
_	

**Guided Writing Practice** Write about your weekend. Use past time expressions. Answer some or all of the questions to guide your writing.

Did you have a good time

last weekend?

How was the weather?

What did you do on Friday night?

What did you do on Saturday?

What did you do on Sunday?

Example: Last weekend, I had a great time

#### **UNIT 12**

**Guided Writing Practice** Choose a person you want to describe. On a separate sheet of paper, answer the questions in your description.

Who is this person?

What color is his or her hair?

How old is the person?

Is it short or long? Straight, wavy, or curly?

Is he or she tall or short?
Is he or she good-looking?

What color are his or her eyes? Does he or she wear glasses?

100	Mary Blake is my classmate, and
	she is twenty years old. She's very
	tall and pretty, and
-	

#### UNIT 13

Guided Writing Practice What can people do when they are eighty years old? Complete the chart. Then use the information from the chart to write about the topic. Write on a separate sheet of paper. Write as much as you can.

Example: Old people can't do some things, but sometimes they can ...

7//_	Yes, they can.	They can sometimes.	No, they can't.
work			
cook meals			
live on the second floor			
get dressed			
take a shower or bath			
clean the house			
exercise / go running / go bike riding			
drive a car			
other			

Example:

#### UNIT 14

**Guided Writing Practice** Write the story of your own life. Then write your plans and dreams for the future. Answer some or all of the following questions in your story. Write on a separate sheet of paper. Write as much as you can.

Where were you born?

What did you study? (Or what are you studying now?)

Where do you live now?

Did you graduate?

Where did you grow up?

What are your dreams for the future? (Write I'd like . . .)

What school did you go to?

Example: I was born on September 3rd, 1999 in ...

WRITING BOOSTER 149

## Top Notch Pop Lyrics

#### ▶ 1:30/1:31 What Do You Do? [Unit 1]

(CHORUS)

What do you do? What do you do?

I'm a student.

You're a teacher.

She's a doctor.

He's a nurse.

What about you?

What do you do?

I'm a florist.

You're a gardener.

He's a waiter

She's a chef.

Do-do-do-do...

That's what we do.

It's nice to meet you.

What's your name?

Can you spell that, please?

Thank you.

Yes, it's nice to meet you, too.

(CHORUS)

We are artists and musicians,

architects, and electricians.

How about you?

What do you do?

We are bankers,

we are dentists.

engineers, and flight attendants.

Do-do-do-do...

That's what we do.

Hi, I'm Linda. Are you John?

No, he's right over there.

Excuse me. Thank you very much.

Good-bye.

Do-do-do-do...

Do-do-do-do...

Do-do-do-do...

Do-do-do-do...

▶1:46/1:47 Excuse Me, Please [Unit 2] (CHORUS)

Excuse me-please excuse me.

What's your number?

What's your name?

I would love to get to know you, and I hope you feel the same.

I'll give you my e-mail address.

Write to me at my dot-com.

You can send a note in English

so I'll know

who it came from.

Excuse me-please excuse me.

Was that 0078?

Well, I think the class is starting,

and I don't

want to be late.

But it's really nice to meet you.
I'll be seeing you again.

Just call me on my cell phone when you're looking for a friend.

(CHORUS)

So welcome to the classroom.

There's a seat right over there.

I'm sorry, but you're sitting in

our teacher's favorite chair!

Excuse me—please excuse me.

What's your number?

What's your name?

2:15/2:16 Tell Me All About It [Unit 4]

Tell me about your father.

He's a doctor and he's very tall.

And how about your mother?

She's a lawyer. That's her picture on

the wall.

Tell me about your brother.

He's an actor, and he's twenty-three.

And how about your sister?

She's an artist. Don't you think she looks

like me?

(CHORUS)

Tell me about your family-

who they are and what they do.

Tell me all about it.

It's so nice to talk with you.

Tell me about your family.

I have a brother and a sister, too.

Thave a brother and a sister, to

And what about your parents?

Dad's a teacher, and my mother's eyes

are blue.

(CHORUS)

Who's the pretty girl in that photograph?

That one's mel

You look so cute!

Oh, that picture makes me laugh!

And who are the people there, right below

that one?

Let me see ... that's my mom and dad.

They both look very young.

(CHORUS)

Tell me all about it.

Tell me all about it.

▶ 3:15/3:16 On the Weekend [Unit 7]

(CHORUS)

On the weekend,

when we go out,

there is always so much joy and laughter.

On the weekend,

we never think about

the days that come before and after.

He gets up every morning.

Without warning, the bedside clock rings the alarm.

So he gets dressed—
he does his best to be on time.

He combs his hair, goes down the stairs, and makes some breakfast.

A bite to eat, and he feels fine.

Yes, he's on his way

to one more working day.

(CHORUS)

On Thursday night,

when he comes home from work.

he gets undressed, and if his room's a mess,

he cleans the house. Sometimes he takes

Maybe he cooks something delicious,

and when he's done

he washes all the pots and dishes,

then goes to bed.

He knows the weekend's just ahead.

(CHORUS)

► 3:35/3:36 Home Is Where the Heart Is [Unit 8]

There's a house for everyone

with a garden in the sun.

There's a stairway to the stars. Where is this house?

It isn't far.

(CHORUS)

Home is where the heart is.

Home is where the heart is.

She lives on the second floor.

There are flowers at her front door.

There's a window with a breeze.

Love and kindness are the keys.

(CHORUS)

There's a room with a view of the sea.

Would you like to go there with me?

(CHORUS)

150 Top Notch Pop Lyrics

#### ▶4:34/4:35 My Favorite Day [Unit 11]

Last night we walked together. It seems so long ago.
And we just talked and talked. Where did the time go?
We saw the moonlit ocean across the sandy beach.
The waves of summer fell, barely out of reach.

(CHORUS)

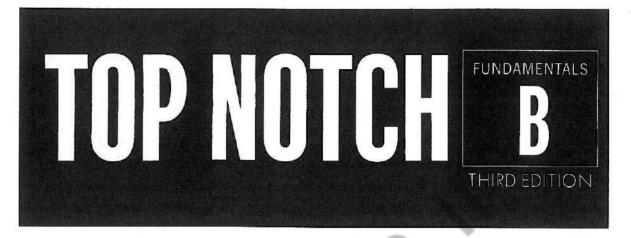
Yes, that was then, and this is now, and all I do is think about yesterday,

my favorite day of the week.

When I woke up this morning, my feelings were so strong. I put my pen to paper, and I wrote this song. I'm glad I got to know you. You really made me smile. My heart belonged to you for a little while.

#### (CHORUS)

It was wonderful to be with you.
We had so much to say.
It was awful when we waved good-bye.
Why did it end that way?
(CHORUS)



#### WORKBOOK

#### JOAN SASLOW ALLEN ASCHER

with Julie C. Rouse

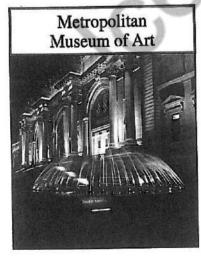
## Home and Neighborhood

#### LESSON

1	Complete the conversa	tions. Use prepositions of place and the verb <u>be</u> or the simple present ten	se.
	1. A: Where		
	B: We live	an apartment.	
	2. A:	your building have an elevator?	
	B: No, but it's OK.	live the first floor.	
	3. A:	you a student?	22
	B: Yes, I study	the English School.	
	4. A:	you near the school?	
	B: Yes. I live	Third Avenue.	
	5. A: Where	you?	
	B:   work	an office. I'm a manager.	
	2 2 100	vous con work?	

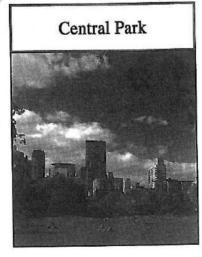
2 Look at the pictures of places in New York City. What is the place? Write a sentence.

\_\_ Bank Street.



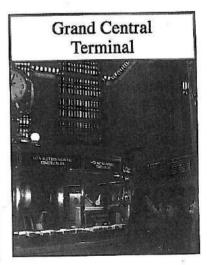
7. A: \_\_\_\_\_\_ he \_\_\_\_\_

B: No, he lives \_\_\_\_



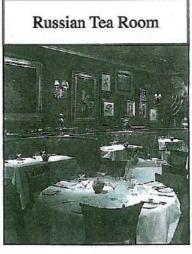
\_ Center Restaurant. He's a chef.

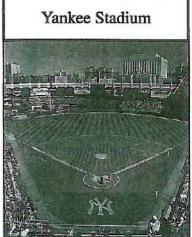
\_ near the restaurant?



1. It's a museum 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_



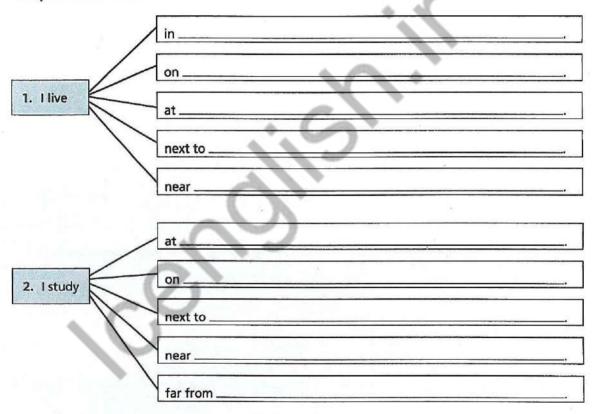




4, \_\_\_\_\_

5. \_\_\_\_\_

#### 3 Complete the charts.



4 Answer the questions with real information.

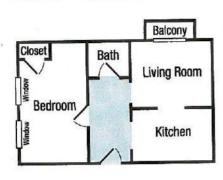
Example: Is the airport far from your school? Yes. About 45 minutes by bus

- 1. Is the mall far from your school? \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. Is the bus station far from your school?
- 3. Is the hospital far from your school? \_\_

Home and Neighborhood

### LESSON 2

5 Look at the floor plans for two apartments. What are they like? Write sentences with There's and There are.



- There's one large bedroom
  .
  2.
- 6. There are three bedrooms
  7. \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 9.
- 6 Complete the information about your home.

1	Circle one:
	house apartment
2	Check the rooms in your home.
2	Check the rooms in your home.
2	
2	kitchen

7 Add your city to the list. Describe your home and the home of someone you know.



8	8 Look at Exercise 7 again. Circle the house or apartment you like Write complete sentences.	. Describe the home.
	Example: It's a house. It's in Paris. There are two bedrooms	
		**
		and the second s
	Now write two questions to ask about the house or apartment. Us	e Is there. Are there, or How many.
	Al Al	?
		?
ES	ESSON 3	
9	9 What new furniture or appliances do you want for your home? Ma	ke a list of four items that you want.
	Example: a new sofa for the living room	
	1	
	2	
	3.	
	4	

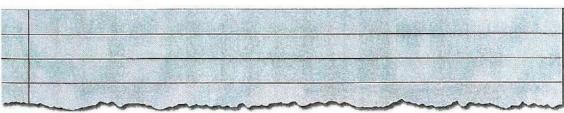
10 Label the furniture on the website.



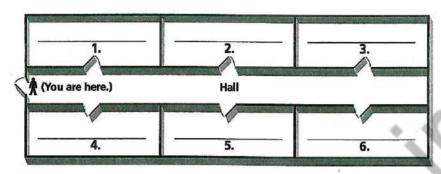
11 Complete the conversation. Give your opinion about the furniture in Exercise 10.

1.	"This is a great desk. What do you think?"	
2.	"I like this bookcase, too. What about you?"	ĝ)
3.	"Look at this lamp. Do you think it's nice?"	
4.	"What do you think of this chair?"	

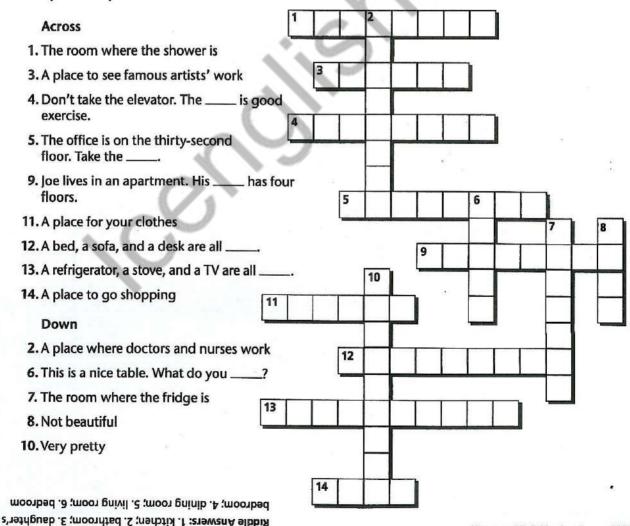
12 Describe one room in your home.



- 1 A RIDDLE FOR YOU! Read the clues. Look at the map. Then write the names of the rooms in Paul and Paula's apartment.
  - · The living room is between their bedroom and the dining room.
  - · The bathroom is near the living room. It's right across the hall.
  - · The kitchen is next to the bathroom, on the left.
  - · Their daughter's bedroom is near their bedroom. It's right across the hall.
  - · The dining room is not the first room.



2 Complete the puzzle.



**Home and Neighborhood** 

W53

## **Activities and Plans**

#### LESSON 1

1 How's the weather? Is it hot, cold, warm, or cool?



1. \_\_\_\_\_



2.\_\_\_\_\_



3.\_\_\_\_\_



4.\_\_\_\_

2 Look at the pictures. What are the people doing right now? Write sentences in the present continuous.



1. She's brushing her teeth



2. \_\_\_\_\_



3



4. \_\_\_\_\_



5. \_\_\_\_\_



6. \_\_\_\_\_

# Look at the pictures. Answer the questions. Use a short answer and the present continuous. 1. Is he taking a bath? No, he isn't. He's taking a shower 2. Is she reading?



3. Are they listening to music?



4. Is she wearing a dress?



5. Is it snowing?

- 4 Where's Andrea? What's she doing? Match the rooms with Andrea's activities.
  - 1. \_\_\_\_ She's in the kitchen.
- a. She's going to bed.
- 2. \_\_\_\_ She's in the bedroom.
- b. She's checking e-mail.
- 3. \_\_\_\_ She's in the bathroom.
- c. She's eating dinner with her family.
- 4. \_\_\_\_ She's in the dining room.
- d. She's reading on the sofa.
- 5. \_\_\_\_ She's in the office.
- e. She's brushing her teeth.
- 6. \_\_\_\_ She's in the living room.
- f. She's making breakfast.



W56

5	Write the time, dat	te, month, or year.	
	1. right now:	4. the day after tomorrow:	
	2. today:	5. this month:	
<u> </u>	3. tomorrow:	6. this year:	
		*	
6		ons in the present continuous.	
	1. What are you do	oing today?	
	2. What are you do	oing tonight?	
		oing tomorrow?	
		oing tomorrow evening?	
	5. What are you do	oing this weekend?	200
		* * *	
7	Respond to the ins	stant messages with your own information. Create your own screen	name.
		Message	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	chatsalot21:	HI. I'm in Los Angeles. I'm working here this week. Where are you?	
		多道: "我们们是一个特别。"	
	chatsalot21:	What are you doing?	
		在成功,这种类似是是一种的一种,但是一种的一种的一种的一种的一种的。	
	chatsalot21:	How's the weather there?	
		。我是说 <b>为一个人,</b> 我们是这种爱有的独立。我们就是	
	chatsalot21:	The weather is beautiful here! It's warm and sunny. Hey, are you	
	programme and the	doing anything special this weekend?	
	:		
	chatsalot21:	I'm playing soccer on Saturday morning. Do you want to get together on Saturday afternoon?	
	. [1		production of the second
0	Marita	for next week. Write sentences in the present continuous.	
8	write your plans	or next week. Write sentences in the present contandous.	
	of the A		
		[1] 在10 m 10	

lcenglish.ir



9 Look at the Ryan family's living room. Then read the answers and write questions about the family's activities. Use the present continuous.



	1. Where's the grandtather taking a nap		On the sofa.
	2	?	Washing the dishes.
	3.	?	They're going to a concert.
	4	?	The son is.
	5	?	An apple.
	6	?	She's playing in the chair.
10	Imagine a very nice day. Answer the question  1. Where are you?  2. Who's with you?  3. What are you doing?		
	4. How's the weather?		
	5. What are you wearing?		
11	Write the present participles.		
	1. take6	. do	
	2. play	. drive	
	3. study 8	. call	
	4. exercise	). go	
	5. eat 10	get dressed .	

**Activities and Plans** 

W57

#### **FUN**

1 First, unscramble the letters of the time expressions. Then write the correct letters in the numbered boxes to complete the puzzle.

Time expressions 1. GITHR ONW 2. YOADT 23 3. NTTOHGI 4. TISH NMRINGO 5. TSHI NATRONFEO 22 38 32 6. HITS GENNIVE 7. OMTORWOR 8. TEH YDA TFREA **TOOWORRM** 9. STIH EEKW 10. TISH MOTHN Puzzle —John Lennon, singer and musician (U.K.) 2 TAKE A GUESS! Match the weather and the places. a. Plateau Station, Antarctica 1. \_\_\_\_ Number 1 hot place in the world b. Eastern Sahara Desert, Africa 2. \_\_\_\_ Number 1 cold place in the world c. Ben Nevis, Scotland 3. \_\_\_\_ Number 1 rainy place in the world d. Mount Baker, Washington, U.S.A. 4. \_\_\_\_ Number 1 snowy place in the world e. Cherrapunji, India 5. \_\_\_\_ Number 1 sunny place in the world f. Dallol, Ethiopia \_\_\_ Number 1 cloudy place in the world

UNIT 9

W58

Take a Guess Answers: 1. f; 2. a; 3. e; 4. d; 5. b; 6. c

# 10 Food

#### LESSON 1

1 Complete the chart. Check the boxes.

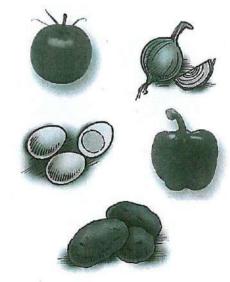
I like
I don't like
I have in my kitchen
I need
I eat every day
I sometimes eat
I never eat

2 Look at the recipe.

#### Ingredients:

- 3 potatoes
- 6 eggs
- 1 small tomato
- 1/2 an onion
- 1/2 a pepper





W59

#### Now answer the questions.

- 1. Are there any potatoes in the omelet?
- 2. How many eggs are there in the omelet?
- 3. Are there any onions? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 4. How many tomatoes are there in the omelet? \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. Which ingredients do you have for this recipe? \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 6. Which ingredients do you need? \_\_\_\_\_\_.

		ily:			
J. uays	/ this month:				
1. swea	ters / your clo	oset:			
5. bathı	rooms / your	home:			
-					
- 6					
on Z				2 5	
Cause a	w non count	? Write <u>a, an,</u> or <u>X</u> before ea	ch food or c	drink.	
1		5egg	9	cheese	7
ı 2		6 sugar	10.	lemon	
	_ hee _ banana	7 oil	118	juice	
4		8 apple	12.	onion	
Do you	keep triese i	I keep soup, pasta, and sugar on the shelf.	juice rice oil	bread butter tomatoes	milk eggs tea
					e de la vic
1	-	(a)			
2	-/-				
2				1000 1910 - 0 1049 - 1040 - 1040 - 1040 - 1040 - 1040 - 1040 - 1040 - 1040 - 1040 - 1040 - 1040 - 1040 - 1040	
3					

		cola
1. <u>a loaf of bread</u>		2.
L. RORIES		Spagherti
3		4.
5	•.(	
W. t. 8		
write rive sentences. Use words	or phrases from e	each box.
How many How much	meat juice oranges sugar	in the fridge? are there on the counter? do we have? is there? on the shelf?
Are there any	onions	do you want? are there?
	cans of soup	in the kitchen?
**************************************	-	
	How many How much Is there any Are there any oranges in the	Write five sentences. Use words or phrases from eat juice oranges sugar bananas onions bread cans of soup

#### 9 Look at the picture



I. A:	peppers are there?	B:	
2. A:	water is in the fridge?	B:	
3. A:	bags of beans are there?	B:	
4. A:	soda is there?	В:	*
Look at the picture Then answer the q	in Exercise 9 again. Complete the uestions.	questions w	rith <u>Are there any</u> or <u>is the</u>
1. A:	cheese in the fridge?	B:	•
2. A:	eggs?	В:	
3. A:	AT S	B:	
4. A:	butter?	В:	•
1. "Would you like	for dinner? Answer the questions tomato soup or onion soup?"		int.
2. "Would you like	chicken or meat?"		
	potatoes or brown rice?"		
(YOU)			Carlo Carlo
4. "Would you like	coffee or tea later?"		



12	Complete each sentence. Circle the letter.					
	1.	Robert his e-mail every day.  a. check b. checks c. is checking				
¥	2.	Theresa the laundry on Mondays.  a. do  b. does  c. is doing				
•	3.	Lucas and Nate aren't at home. They soccer in the park.  a. play b. plays c. are playing				
	4.	I chicken with peppers for dinner. Would you like to join me?  a. make b. makes c. am making				
	5.	Mr. and Mrs. Juster usually meat. a. doesn't eat b. don't eat c. aren't eating				
13	Co	emplete the conversations. Use the simple present tense or the present continuous.				
	1. A: What right now?  B: Chicken soup.					
	2.	A: milk in his coffee?  B: No, he doesn't. But he would like sugar.				
	3.	A: What in the fridge?  B: Soda, cheese, and an apple.				
	4.	A: I a dress to the party. How about you?  B: I never dresses.				
	5.	A: on Saturdays?				
	6.	B: Yes, usually. But this Saturday he soccer.  A: Where lunch on Tuesdays?  B: At Eli's Café. But today we to City Bistro for my boss's birthday.				
		go				

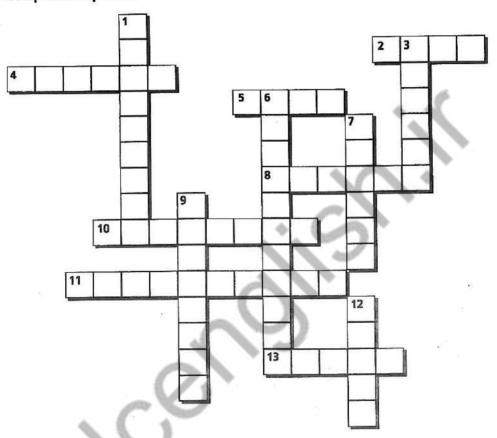
#### 1 A RIDDLE FOR YOU!

George, Helen, and Steve are drinking coffee. Bart, Karen, and Dave are drinking soda. Is Ellie drinking coffee or soda?

(Hint: Look at the letters in each drink.)

Answer:

#### 2 Complete the puzzle.



-	100	-		
23			2.5	c

- 2. A \_\_\_\_ of bread
- 4. Salt and \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5. In Asia, people eat a lot of \_\_\_\_\_.
- 8. Directions for cooking something
- You make this drink with lemons, water, and sugar.
- 11. A box, a bottle, a bag, and a can are all \_\_\_\_\_.
- 13.1 like coffee with milk and \_\_\_\_\_.

#### Down

- 1. The place for milk: \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Would you like apple juice, \_\_\_\_ juice, or tomato juice?
- 6. The foods in a recipe
- 7. Water, tea, and soda are all \_\_\_\_\_
- 9. In the omelet, there are three \_\_\_\_\_.
- 12. Peppers, peas, and \_\_\_\_\_ are green.

Riddle Answer: Ellie is drinking coffee.

W64 UNIT 10

# Past Events

## LESSON 1

W	rite the date, month, or year.		
1.	yesterday:	6.	last month:
2	last Wednesday:	7.	two months ago:
3	three days ago:	8.	last year:
4	one week ago:	9.	five years ago:
5	the day before yesterday:		
c	omplete the questions with <u>was</u> or <u>were</u> . T	hen ar	swer the questions.
1	. Where <u>were</u> you last night at 9:00? _	1	was at home
2	you at school yesterday?		<b>A</b>
	. How the weather last week?		70
4	there milk in your refrigerator th	nis mor	ning?
	. What your first e-mail address?		
	. When your birthday?		
7	. How old you in 2005?		•
	. Who a famous person from the	505.	
L	ook at the list of events from last week.  Special Events a	at T1	ng Hill School
	Monday: Afternoon Concert Tuesday: Teachers' Dinner Wednesday: Volleyball Game: Teachers Thursday: Breakfast for Students		vs. Students
	Friday: Movie Saturday: Movie (afternoon) / Par Sunday: Exercise Classes		ning)
	Friday: Movie Saturday: Movie (afternoon) / Par	ty (eve	
	Friday: Movie Saturday: Movie (afternoon) / Par Sunday: Exercise Classes All events are free. Check the school's website for	ty (ever	and times.  was or There were.
1	Friday: Movie  Saturday: Movie (afternoon) / Par Sunday: Exercise Classes  All events are free. Check the school's website for low write sentences about the events. Use	ty (ever	and times.  was or There were.
1	Friday: Movie Saturday: Movie (afternoon) / Par Sunday: Exercise Classes All events are free. Check the school's website for low write sentences about the events. Use	ty (ever	and times.  was or There were.
1	Friday: Movie Saturday: Movie (afternoon) / Par Sunday: Exercise Classes All events are free. Check the school's website for low write sentences about the events. Use	ty (ever	and times.  was or There were.

## LESSON 2

4 Complete the paragraph. Use the simple past tense forms of the verbs in the box. Use each verb only once.

be	eat	put	buy	come	get
see	not exercise	drive	go	take	not read

Amy home late	last night. She and her co	olleagues a movi	e after work.
After the movie, they	out for dinner. This mo	rning Amy up at	8:00. She
usually gets up at 7:00. She	a shower and go	t dressed by 8:15. She usually	takes the bus
to work, but today she6	In the car, she	on her makeup and	a
banana for breakfast. She	, and she	the newspaper. But Amy _	only
five minutes late to work! Later, s	he a cup of c	offee at a restaurant near her o	office building.

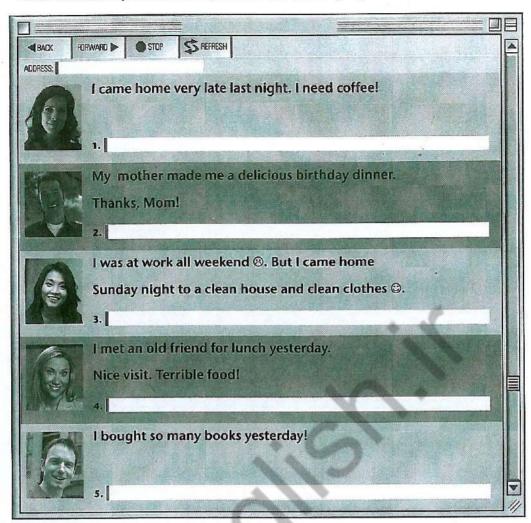
5 Write five sentences about your activities this morning. Look at the pictures for ideas.



氢	1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	
DE		

W66

6 Read the status updates. Ask a question. Use the simple past tense.



## LESSON 3

7

Which activities do you lik	e? Numbe	r the activities from 1 to 6 in the order you like to do them.
go to the beach	-	go running
go swimming		go bike riding
go for a walk	-	go for a drive
Which activities did you d about yesterday, last week		activities didn't you do? Write three sentences weeks ago.
Examples: I went to the b	each yeste	rday
_I didn't go bike	riding last	tweek
1		
2		
3	-	· ·

**Past Events** 

W67

#### Write three things you did last weekend. Write three things you didn't do.







W	hat	10	lid.
vv	Hat		uu.

What I didn't do:

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

Complete the conversation. Write questions in the simple past tense.





- - B: Actually, I had a great weekend.
- - B: I went to the beach.
- B: It was sunny and warm. 4. A: \_\_\_\_
- B: Some friends from school.
- 5. A: \_\_\_\_\_?
  - B: We went swimming and bike riding.



W68

#### 10 Choose the correct responses to complete the conversation. Write the letter on the line.



	1.	A:	Hi. How's it going?	a.	There was a great concert at the stadium.
		B:		b.	So what did you do on Saturday?
	2.	A:	Friday night? Let me think	c.	Not bad. Hey, where were you on Friday night?
			Oh, yeah, I went shopping. Why?		Now that sounds nice!
		B:		e.	What about Sunday? Did you do anything
	3.	A:	There was? Too bad I wasn't there!	1	special on Sunday?
		B:		Ę	
	4.	A:	Well, I exercised, I did the laundry,		
			and then I studied.	Ľ	
		B:	_ ( )	7	
	5.	Δ.	Actually, I had a great day on Sunday.	)	
	٥.	<i>,</i>	The weather was beautiful, so I went		
			bike riding at the beach.		
		B:	_ (()		9
			. 6		
11	Δ	lnsı	wer the questions. Use the simple past ten	60	
			Who did you talk to first today?		
					t?
	4	. [	Did you do anything special last weekend?		
	5	i. [	Did you have a good day yesterday?		
	6	i. F	low many books did you read last month?		
	7	7. V	Where did you live five years ago?		
	8	l. H	low often did you watch TV last week?		

			100	i di			21 .0	950 × 64		_	
VORD FIND. Lo hen write the si	ok across ( imple past	→) a	nd o	rms	of th	. Cir	cle t verb	he k os oi	ase the	forn e line	ns of 21 es.
	Т	Н	1	N	K	С	U	T	E	Т	G
	Т	Α	K	E	S	E	Ε	С	Α	W	E
	Т	C	0	M	E	C	С	Α	T	S	T
	T	E	L	1	K	E	T	U	E	A₫	НΝ
	н	N	C	E	Н	Α	٧	E	٧	Y	Y
	V	U	T	D	R	1	٧	E	0	С	Α
	S	T	U	D	Y	E	D	R	ď	N	K
	W	R	1	T	E	M	Α	K	E	Α	Т
	E	S	C	L	E	Α	N	P	٦	Α	Y
	E	X	E	R	C	V.	5	Ē	В	U	Υ
	W	A	T	C	Ĥ	R	E	Α	D	L	Α
				-1		h	_	meliik			-

## **Appearance and Health**

## LESSON 1

4	<b>~!</b> ! .!			•1
	( neck the	adjactives	that de	scribe vou.

- 1. My hair

  | black | blonde | straight | short |
  | brown | gray | wavy | long |
  | red | white | curly | bald |
- 2 Describe a family member, a friend, or a colleague. Fill in the chart.

□ blue

		Hair		
Person	Color	Straight, wavy, or curly	Long, short, or bald	Eye color
My brother	blonde	straight	short	blue

□ green

3 Write the parts of the face.

□ brown

eyebrow eye	nose mouth				5.	-
eyelashes ear	chin hair				6.	
1	*				7.	2200
2.			1	3	8.	
3.		1				
4.			The state of the s	1		

•	
ook at Exercise 2 again. Use the informati	on to write sentences with have
bout a family member, a friend, or a colle	ague.
xample: My brother has blue eyes	
hoose three famous people to describe.	
	Here's language you already know:
	Snort
	good-looking old
	cute young
	. 6
. <u>Johnny Depp</u> : He's handsom	e. He has lang, wavy, brown hair.
	rown. He's an actor from the United States.
	<i></i>
	_ /
2;	
2. — :	
2	
3.	



#### 7 Write the parts of the body. Use words from the box.

hand	arm	neck
head	foot	leg
shoulder	knee	stomach
hip	chest	ankle

1.		7.
2.	5.3	8.
3.		9.
4.		10.
5.		11
6.		12.

8 What happened? Write a sentence about each picture.



1	She burned her hand	
2	- C1	
3		
4 -		
5		
	complete the conversation.	
6. A:	:	7
B:	: I hurt my arm.	
7. A:	:	7
B:	: Actually, yes. It does.	

## LESSON 3

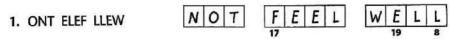
9 Check the remedies for each ailment.

3	de something in	down n	ave some tes	a doctor	2 dentist	do to school	det	it east
a cold							eksinge	
a fever								
a sore throat								
a stomachache								
a backache						2		
a toothache		3						

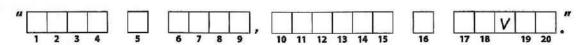
10	Think about an ailment you had. Then answer the questions.  1. What was wrong?	Be careful!  Lie is irregular in the
	2. What did you do?	simple past tense: lie (down) → lay (down)
11	Your friend Brendan is going out with a colleague tonight. He war advice. Answer his questions.	nts your
	Brendan: "We're going to the movies. What should we see?"  YOU	.'
	2. Brendan: "After the movie, we're going out for dinner. Where sho	uld we go?"
	YOU	4
	3. Brendan: "Should I talk about work?"	
	4. Brendan: "What should I wear?"	
	YOU	

1 First, unscramble the letters of the ailments. Then write the correct letters in the numbered boxes to complete the puzzle below.

**Ailments** 

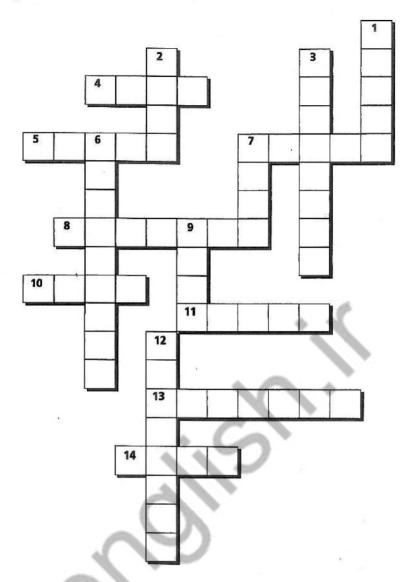


Puzzle



-An old saying

#### 2 Complete the puzzle.



#### Across

- 4. It's between your hip and your ankle.
- 5. Hair on a man's chin
- 7. They're white. They're in your mouth.
- 8. They're on your hands. You have ten.
- 10. Parts of the body for shoes
- 11. Not long
- 13. It's between your hips and your chest.
- 14. Doesn't have hair

#### Down

- 1. It's between your nose and your chin.
- 2. Part of the body for a hat
- 3. Take something, lie down, and have some tea are all \_\_\_\_\_.
- **6.** Burn your finger, cut your hand, and fall down are all \_\_\_\_\_.
- 7. They're on your feet. You have ten.
- 9. What you use to see
- 12. Hair between a man's nose and mouth

W76

# Abilities and Requests



W	rite about four dif	ferent people's a	bilities. Write	sentences with <u>well</u> or <u>badly</u> .	
Ex	kample: My sister: _	Rose knits well			
1.	My teacher:				
2.	My friend:	1633-117			
3.	My neighbor:				
4.	My colleague:				
Lo	ook at the pictures	. Write a sentenc	e with <u>can</u> or <u>e</u>	an't.	
		<b>9</b>			
1.	He can play the	guitar	1.	2	
3.	- John Moo	Xa Xa		4.	
	16	)			
				he base form of a verb.	
1.	A:		(1000)		
				\$	
2.	A:				
		fix cars bu	•	S.	
3.	A:	7/			
	B: Yes, I can paint	t, but not very we	II.		
4.	A:				
	B: No. She	sew, bu	ut she	knit.	
5.	A:	_ your brothers _		the violin?	•
	B: No, but they _		*	the guitar.	

4 Which occupation is good for you? Take the *Top Notch* Abilities and Interests Survey.

		Do very well	Do well	Do OK	Do badly	Can't do
	1. paint	0	0	0	0	0
1	2. draw					
ABILLIES	3. swim		0	0		$\frac{1}{2}$
	4. drive			0		2
T	5. play the violin		$\bigcirc$			
	6. ski	0	$\sim$	8		
	7. fix a car	0	$\mathcal{C}$		13	0
3	8. cook 9. sing				0	0
		Like	a lot	Like	Like a little	Don't like
<u>v</u>	1. go to concerts		a lot	Like	Like a little	Don't like
<u> </u>	<ol> <li>go to concerts</li> <li>go to museum</li> </ol>		a lot	0	Like a little	Don't like
E 5   5		is (		Like O	0000	Don't like
KESIS	2. go to museum	) ( ): (	a lot	0	Like a little	Don't like
EKESIS	<ol> <li>go to museum</li> <li>listen to music</li> <li>make dinner f</li> <li>exercise</li> </ol>	) ( ): (	a lot	0	0000	Don't like
I ERESIS	<ol> <li>go to museum</li> <li>listen to music</li> <li>make dinner f</li> <li>exercise</li> <li>go running</li> </ol>	or friends		0	0000	Don't like
NEKESIS	<ol> <li>go to museum</li> <li>listen to music</li> <li>make dinner f</li> <li>exercise</li> </ol>	is (		0	0000	Don't like

RESULTS	Look at your answer What do you do ver	rs. y well? Wh	nat do you like to do a lot?
Can you cook well? Do you like to make dinner for friends?	- 100 cm		Maybe you should be a chef.
Can you sing, play the violin (guitar, pi Do you like to go to concerts and lister	ano, other instruments)? 1 to music?		Maybe you should be a singer or musician.
Can you swim and ski? Do you like to exercise and go running	and bike riding?		Maybe you should be an athlete.
Can you draw and paint? Do you like to go to museums?		-	Maybe you should be an artist.
Can you drive and fix a car? Do you like to go for a drive?			Maybe you should be a mechanic.

According to the survey, what should you be?

5	Doscribo	your abilities.	Complete	the	contoncos
•	Describe	your abilities.	Complete	uic	sentences.

- 1. I \_\_\_\_\_\_ well, but I \_\_\_\_\_ badly.
- 2. I can \_\_\_\_\_\_, but not very well.
- 3. I can't \_\_\_\_\_\_ at all.
- 4. I wish I could \_\_\_\_\_\_



6 Write sentences with too and an adjective.



1. She can't drive.

She's too young



2. She can't watch TV.



3. You can't wear that shirt.



4. He doesn't want that suit.



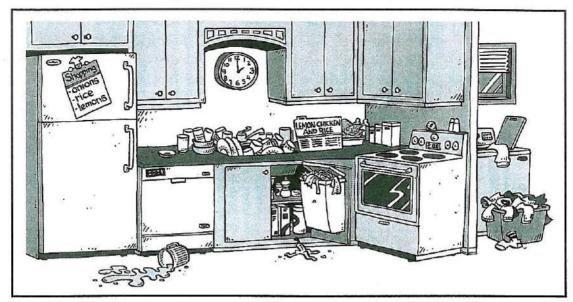
5. We can't go bike riding today.



6. She can't drink this coffee.

	busy tired full ea	arly late hungry
	busy tired full ea	arly late hungry
	1. I went to a dinner last night. I got h I'm so	ome at midnight and got up at 5:00 for work.
Ř	<ol><li>I'm really sorry, but I can't go to the I'm going home and going to bed.</li></ol>	e movies now. It's
	3. That lunch was delicious! I had blace Now I'm	k bean soup, pasta with chicken, and bread.
	4. You get up at 5:30 every day for wo	rk? That's very!
	5. I don't want any dinner tonight. I h	ad a late lunch today, and I'm not very
	<ol><li>Today I have three meetings, lunch and my son's soccer game. I'm very</li></ol>	with my manager, a colleague's birthday party,
1	Decline the invitations. Give reasons	
	1. "Let's go for a drive."	
	2. "I'm going out for lunch. Would yo	u like to join me?"
	3. "How about a movie tonight? Ther	e's a show at 10:00."
	(	
	4. "Let's go to the park."	
	4. "Let's go to the park."	
S	4. "Let's go to the park."	
	4. "Let's go to the park."	sts. Write the letter on the line.
	4. "Let's go to the park."  YOU  SON	sts. Write the letter on the line.  a. Could you please do the laundry?
	4. "Let's go to the park."  YOU  SON   Match the problems with the reques	
	4. "Let's go to the park."  SON  Match the problems with the reques  1 I'm cold.	a. Could you please do the laundry?
S	4. "Let's go to the park."  SON 3  Match the problems with the request 1 I'm cold. 2 I need to check my e-mail.	<ul><li>a. Could you please do the laundry?</li><li>b. Could you please close the window?</li><li>c. Could you please turn on the computer?</li></ul>
	4. "Let's go to the park."  SON 3  Match the problems with the request 1 I'm cold. 2 I need to check my e-mail. 3 It's too hot.	<ul><li>a. Could you please do the laundry?</li><li>b. Could you please close the window?</li><li>c. Could you please turn on the computer?</li></ul>

#### 10 Mrs. Cole's boss is coming for dinner at 6:00. But look at the house!



#### Help Mrs. Cole ask her husband to help. Write requests with could you.

- 11	

#### 11 Choose the correct response. Circle the letter.

- 1. Can you sing?
  - a. No. I sing very badly.
- b. I'm sorry, but I'm busy.
- c. No, thanks.

- 2. Could you wash the dishes?
  - a. My pleasure.
- b. Yes, I do.
- c. No, thank you. I'm full.

- 3. Let's go out for dinner.
  - a. I'm sorry to hear that.
    - b. I'm sorry, but I'm busy.
- c. I'd like fish, please.

- 4. Could you do me a favor?
  - a. Of course.
- b. That's too bad.
- c. Really?

- 5. Could you please turn off the TV?
  - a. Sounds great.
- b. Sure. No problem.
- c. Maybe some other time.

1	What can they do? Match the famous people with their abilities. Ho	w many do you know?
---	--	---------------------

- 1. \_\_\_\_ Andrea Bocelli
- 2. \_\_\_\_ Joo Yeon Sir
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_ J.K. Rowling
- 4. \_\_\_\_ Jacques Pepin
- 5. \_\_\_\_ Serena Williams
- 6. \_\_\_\_ Michael Schumacher
- 7. \_\_\_\_ Michael Phelps

- a. She can write.
- b. He can sing.
- c. He can drive.
- d. She can play tennis.
- e. He can cook.
- f. He can swim.
- g. She can play the violin.

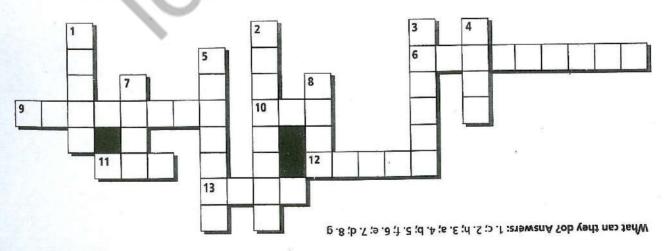
#### 2 Complete the puzzle.

#### Across

- 6. Play the guitar, swim, and drive are all \_\_\_\_\_
- 9. A baby can do this at three months.
- 10. Make clothes
- 11. You can do this when there's snow.
- 12.1 can't today. \_\_\_\_ some other time.
- 13. Not hungry

#### Down

- 1. Not well
- 2. These shoes are size 35. She needs a 37. They're \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. I'm cold. Could you please \_\_\_\_ my sweater?
- 4. Phil Collins can do this.
- 5. I'm going to bed. Could you please \_\_\_\_ the light?
- 7. Make dinner
- 8. You can do this at the beach.



W82

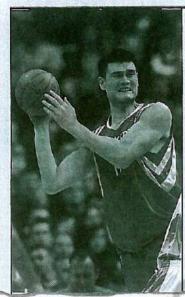
## Life Events and Plans

## LESSON 1

2

1 Read about Yao Ming's life.

#### Yao Ming's Life Story



Yao Ming was born on September 12, 1980. He grew up in a small apartment in Shanghai, China, with his parents. They were both basketball players, too—and tall! Their son is 2.26 meters (7 feet 5 inches). Yao doesn't have any brothers or sisters. When he was about nine, he went to the Youth Sports School in Shanghai. In China, he played for the Shanghai Sharks.

In 2002, Yao moved to the United States to play professional basketball. He played for the Houston Rockets. When Yao first moved to Houston, he lived with his mother. Yao's mother cooked Chinese food for him, did the laundry, and cleaned their four-bedroom house. Yao Ming retired from basketball in 2011.

#### Now look at the answers and write questions.

3.	A:?
4.	A:?
5.	A:7
Fo	r each academic subject, write an occupation.
1.	architecture:
2.	business:
	medicine:
4.	education:
5	engineering:

- B: On September 12, 1980.
- B: In Shanghai, China.
- B: At the Youth Sports School.
- B: In 2002.
- B: In 2011.

3	Get to know a famou Internet, books, and	s person's life story. Choose other sources for information	a famous person. Answer the questions. Use the on.
	1. Person's name:		
	2. When was he / she	e born?	
	4. Where did he / she	grow up?	
4			
	6. What did he / she	study?	
LES:	SON Z		
4	What are you going	to do this summer? Check t	he boxes.
-	□ travel	□ relax	□ exercise
	☐ go camping	☐ sleep late	□ work
	□ go fishing	☐ do nothing	□ go to school
	☐ go bike riding	☐ hang out with friends	□ move
	go to the beach	☐ go for walks	☐ go swimming
		<b>.</b>	White Co-
5	Now write to a frien	d about your plans. Write so	entences with <u>be going to</u> .
	suinteelle En die voorlige is de rougestoor?		entendering the control of the contr
			And the Total Control of the Control
	<b>电影影响</b>		
			The state of the s
		A STATE OF THE STA	
		- manual market	war
6	Answer the questio	ns about your future plans v	vith <u>be going to</u> .
	<ol> <li>What are you goi</li> </ol>	ng to do tonight?	
	2. What are you goi	ing to do tomorrow?	
	3. What are you go	ing to do tomorrow night?	
			row?
	# 1	e 6	
84	UNIT 14		

The state of the s	hel has a toothache.	
B:Is	s she going to see a dentist	mark the a local control
2. A: Jack	doesn't feel well.	
B:		
	making chicken with rice, but there isn't any rice on the shelf.	
B:		
	hony is going to travel to Europe.	
B:		
	on't have a clean shirt for work tomorrow.	
B:		
	a is going to study medicine.	L
B:		
	don't have any plans this weekend.	
B:		

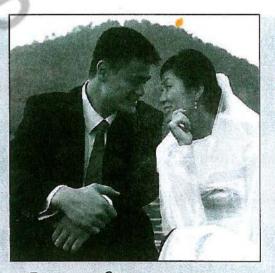
## LESSON 3

8 Read about more events in Yao Ming's life.

#### What's Next for Yao Ming?

In 2007, Yao Ming got married. His wife's name is Ye Li. Like Yao, she is tall (1.9 meters / 6 feet 3 inches) and a professional basketball player. She played for China in the 2004 Summer Olympics. Yao and Ye met in 1999 when they were teenagers. They were married in a small ceremony in Shanghai on August 6, 2007. They had a daughter in 2010.

On May 12, 2008, there was a terrible earthquake in Sichuan Province, China. Yao and his wife started the Yao Foundation to help children in Sichuan. Yao's foundation is building new schools in Sichuan. Yao and Ye hope their foundation can also help children in other parts of China and in the U.S. The Yao Foundation also wants to help stop people from killing elephants and selling the ivory.



No	ow answer the questions.	
1.	What happened on August 6, 2007?	
2.	What happened on May 12, 2008?	
3.	What is the Yao Foundation doing now?	0.0 000 m = 0.000 m = 0.00
4.	What is the Yao Foundation going to do in the future?	

**Life Events and Plans** 

W85

9 What would you like to do in your life? Write four sentences. Use the pictures and the verbs in the box for ideas.





		The second second second second
move	have children	meet
study	go	see
graduate	learn	buy
get married	travel	visit

No.		
Australia	a Airlines (1)	AIRCING TIE
AUSTRALIA		199016

xample: I would like to tr	avel to Australia		
l		+ 4	
V		10 4	1

10 Write two information questions with would like to ask each person.



I would like to get married.

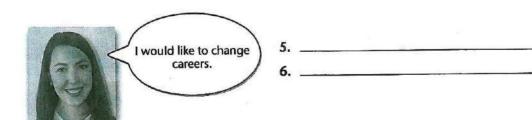
When would	vou	like	to	aet	married
***************************************	_		******	1	

700		



I would like to have children.

3		7
J		



W86

11 A reporter from your school newspaper wants to write an article about you. Answer her questions about yourself.

2.	Where were you born?
3.	Where did you grow up?
4.	What do you do?
5.	What are you studying now?
6.	What do you usually do on weekends?
7	What would you like to do in the next five years?





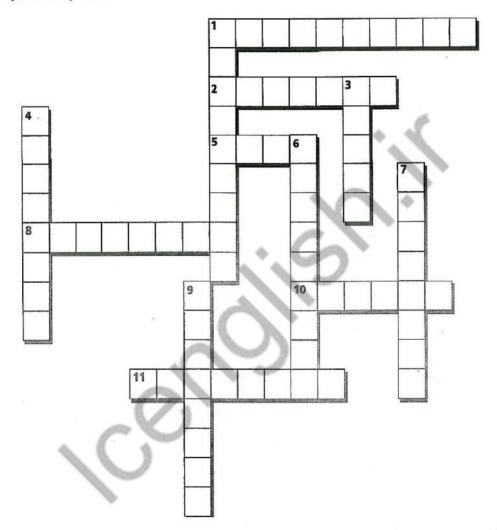


#### 1 A RIDDLE FOR YOU!

When asked how old she was, Suzie answered, "In two years I'm going to be twice as old as I was five years ago." How old is she now?

- a. Twelve.
- b. Seven.
- c. Fourteen.

#### 2 Complete the puzzle.



#### Across

- 1. Become husband and wife
- 2. Occupations
- 5. Go to live in a new home
- 8. Sons and daughters
- 10. Visit new cities
- 11. What future doctors study

#### Down

- 1. Sleep outdoors
- 3. On weekends, I don't want to do anything. I just want to \_\_\_\_\_,
- 4. Houdini's occupation
- 6. What future teachers study
- 7. Architecture, psychology, and law are all academic \_\_\_\_\_.
- 9. Complete school

W88 UNIT 14

Riddle Answer: a

## Units 8–14 REVIEW

,1

Ans	wer the questions.
1.	Where do you live?
2.	What's your home like?
3.	How's the weather today?
4.	What are you doing this weekend?
5.	What do you have in your fridge?
6.	What did you do last weekend?
7.	What do you look like?
8.	What can you do well?
9.	Where were you born?
10.	What would you like to do in the future?
Con	plete the sentences. Use the correct verb form.
	Diane every day.
2.	Alex to work right now.
3.	We dinner for some friends last night.
4.	

#### 3 Read about Andrea Bocelli.

W90

**UNITS 8-14** 

He's an opera singer from Italy, but people of all ages listen to his music. He sings beautifully and is famous all over the world. He has wavy, gray hair. His name is Andrea Bocelli.

Bocelli was born on September 22, 1958, in Tuscany. He grew up on his family's farm. He started singing for family members when he was about three years old. When he was six, he learned to play the piano. He can also play the flute and



the saxophone. At the age of twelve, he had a soccer accident, and now he can't see. Bocelli graduated from the University of Pisa. He studied law, but he worked for only one year as a lawyer.

What was next for Andrea Bocelli? He started to study opera. His teacher was the famous singer Franco Corelli. In the evenings, he sang in restaurants to pay for his opera singing lessons. During this time, he got married. He and his wife, Enrica, had two children, Amos and Matteo. In 1992, Luciano Pavarotti listened to a tape of Bocelli singing. That was the beginning of Bocelli's very successful career in music. Between 1994 and 2010, he made about 23 albums.

Bocelli lives in a pink house on the beach in Forte dei Marmi, Tuscany, not far from where he grew up. Bocelli studies music and practices singing for two hours or more every day. He travels a lot for his job. But he doesn't like to travel. He writes, too. He wrote a book about his life story, *The Music of Silence*. In his free time, he reads and cooks Italian food.

10	write this article, a reporter interviewed Andrea Boceiii. Answer the reporter's questions for Bo
1.	Reporter: Where were you born?  Bocelli: I was born in Tuscany
2.	Reporter: And did you grow up there?  Bocelli:
3.	Reporter: What did you study?  Bocelli:
4.	Reporter: Can you play any musical instruments?  Bocelli:
5.	Reporter: When did you learn to play the piano?  Bocelli:
6.	Reporter: Tell me about your family.  Bocelli:
7.	Reporter: Where do you live now?  Bocelli:
8.	Reporter: What's your typical day like?  Bocelli:
9.	Reporter: What do you do in your free time?  Bocelli:

	1. was born	$\rightarrow$	be born	6	→		
	2				→		
	3				→		
	4				>		
	5				>		
	<b>3.</b>	/		10.			
			W DOGGET				
PI	IONAL VOCA	ABULAR	Y BOOSTE	R ACTIVITIES			
4	Charles its and	basia la	vany kama Tha	ita which room	thou are in		
1			Ε.	n write which room	they are iii.		
	1. intercom						
	2. 🗆 fire escape _						
	3. Imedicine ca	-					
					4		
	5. dishwasher						
	<b>6.</b> □ coffee make						
	7.  food process	sor	-		•		
	8.   fax machine						
				6			
2				you want? Write sen	tences.		
4		Iwantara	ay sheets	-	# <del>************************************</del>		
_	Example: sheets: _		Approved the second				
_	Example: sheets:  1. sheets:		-				
_	1. sheets:						
_	1. sheets:	4	2				
_	1. sheets:		2				
_	<ol> <li>sheets:</li> <li>blanket:</li> <li>bath mat:</li> </ol>	4	2				
_	<ol> <li>sheets:</li> <li>blanket:</li> <li>bath mat:</li> <li>towels:</li> <li>place mats:</li> </ol>	4	2				
_	<ol> <li>sheets:</li> <li>blanket:</li> <li>bath mat:</li> <li>towels:</li> </ol>	4	2				
3	<ol> <li>sheets:</li> <li>blanket:</li> <li>bath mat:</li> <li>towels:</li> <li>place mats:</li> <li>plates:</li> </ol>	9					
	<ol> <li>sheets:</li> <li>blanket:</li> <li>bath mat:</li> <li>towels:</li> <li>place mats:</li> <li>plates:</li> </ol>	s where you	u live. Then com				
	<ol> <li>sheets:</li></ol>	s where you	u live. Then com		e the months and the weathe		
	<ol> <li>sheets:</li></ol>	s where you	u live. Then com				
	<ol> <li>sheets:</li></ol>	s where you	u live. Then com		e the months and the weathe		
	1. sheets: 2. blanket: 3. bath mat: 4. towels: 5. place mats: 6. plates: Circle the seasons in each season wl	s where you	u live. Then com		e the months and the weathe		
	1. sheets: 2. blanket: 3. bath mat: 4. towels: 5. place mats: 6. plates: Circle the seasons in each season wl	s where you	u live. Then com		e the months and the weathe		

	Salad							
Ingredients:								
			9					
ircle the word	or phrase that is diffe	rent.						
. grapefruit	peach	lemon	tangerine					
. fork	glass	teaspoon	knife					
. go sailing	go snorkeling	go windsurfing	go rock climbing					
l. elbow	forehead	cheek	lip					
saxophone	flute	trumpet	drums					
5. biology	drama	medicine	chemistry					
Tha ah ah a a shi	rities that you do. Ther	o circle vour favorite :	activity					
go rock c		A A	go snorkeling					
		e skating	garden					
go rollert		And a	play soccer					
play golf 		W 19						
go skiing	go no	orseback riding	get a manicure					
Now answer th	300 00 - 100 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	* <						
	. How often do you do your favorite activity?							
2. Where do yo	. Where do you do your favorite activity?							
3. Are you doi	70 10 17		F					
4. Did you do								
		e g		- 12				

## TOP NOTCH





### THE LEADER IN GLOBAL COMMUNICATION

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- Teacher's Edition and Lesson Planner
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